## ESTATES AND PROTECTED INDIVIDUALS CODE (EXCERPT) Act 386 of 1998

## 700.7913 Certificate of trust.

Sec. 7913.

- (1) Instead of furnishing a copy of the trust instrument to a person other than a trust beneficiary, the trustee may furnish to the person a certificate of trust that must include all of the following information:
  - (a) The name of the trust, the date of the trust, and the date of each operative trust instrument.
  - (b) The name and address of each current trustee.
  - (c) The powers of the trustee relating to the purposes for which the certificate of trust is being offered.
- (d) The revocability or irrevocability of the trust and the identity of any person holding a power to revoke the trust.
- (e) The authority of cotrustees to sign on behalf of the trust or otherwise authenticate on behalf of the trust and whether all or less than all of the cotrustees are required to exercise powers of the trustee.
- (2) A certificate of trust may be signed or otherwise authenticated by the settlor, any trustee, or an attorney for the settlor or trustee. The certificate must be in the form of an affidavit.
- (3) A certificate of trust must state that the trust has not been revoked, modified, or amended in any manner that would cause the representations included in the certificate of trust to be incorrect.
  - (4) A certificate of trust need not include the dispositive terms of the trust instrument.
- (5) A recipient of a certificate of trust may require the trustee to furnish copies of those excerpts from each trust instrument that designate the trustee and confer on the trustee the power to act in the pending transaction.
- (6) A person that acts in reliance on a certificate of trust without knowledge that the representations included in the certificate of trust are incorrect is not liable to any person for so acting and may assume without inquiry the existence of the trust and other facts included in the certificate of trust.
- (7) A person that in good faith enters into a transaction in reliance on a certificate of trust may enforce the transaction against the trust property as if the representations included in the certificate of trust were correct.
- (8) A person that makes a demand for the trust instrument in addition to a certificate of trust or excerpts of the trust instrument is liable for damages, costs, expenses, and legal fees if the court determines that the person that made the demand did not act pursuant to a legal requirement to demand the trust instrument.
- (9) This section does not limit the right of a person to obtain a copy of the trust instrument in a judicial proceeding that concerns the trust.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010 ;-- Am. 2018, Act 491, Imd. Eff. Dec. 27, 2018

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