

BANKING CODE OF 1999 (EXCERPT)
Act 276 of 1999
Part 1
FORMATION

487.13101 Bank organization generally.

Sec. 3101.

Not less than 5 natural persons, a majority of whom are residents of this state and citizens of the United States or its territories or possessions, or a bank holding company, may file an application to organize a bank under this act.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13102 Bank organization; application.

Sec. 3102.

(1) An application to organize a bank under this act shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and shall set forth information as the commissioner may require.

(2) The commissioner shall examine the information and statements contained in the application and make any other investigation as to the persons, conditions, and circumstances surrounding, affecting, or pertaining to the organization of the bank, as is necessary to satisfy the commissioner as to all of the following:

(a) Whether the character, responsibility, and fitness of the incorporators, and of the proposed directors and officers, and their motives in seeking to organize the bank are such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant the belief that the business of the proposed bank will be honestly and efficiently conducted.

(b) Whether the convenience and needs of the public will be served by the proposed bank.

(c) The likelihood of successful operation of the proposed bank, giving consideration to, but not limited to, both of the following:

(i) Economic and demographic characteristics of the area primarily to be served by the bank.

(ii) The competition offered by existing banks and other financial services providers.

(d) Whether the capital structure of the proposed bank is adequate for the conduct of its business.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13103 Organization of depository institutions generally.

Sec. 3103.

(1) Any number of depository institutions may apply to organize a bank exclusively to serve depository institutions or their officers, directors, employees, and affiliates.

(2) Any number of depository institutions may apply to organize a bank to engage exclusively in providing trust services and other services as may be authorized by order or declaratory ruling of the commissioner.

(3) A depository institution may apply to the commissioner for permission to organize a bank under this section. The application shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and set forth the information the commissioner requires.

(4) The commissioner shall examine the information contained in the application and make any other investigation the commissioner considers necessary pertaining to the organization of the new bank. The commissioner shall issue to the applicants, within the time period provided in section 2302, written notice of approval or disapproval of the application.

(5) A depository institution organized under this section is not subject to the provisions of section 3102, but shall

comply with all other provisions of the act.

(6) The shares of stock of a bank organized under this section shall be owned exclusively by depository institutions.

(7) As used in this section, "applicant" means the depository institutions making an application under this section.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13104 Expenses of incorporators; reimbursement.

Sec. 3104.

(1) Following the date authorized by the commissioner for the bank to commence business, a bank and its incorporators may jointly request permission from the commissioner for the bank to reimburse the incorporators for the incorporators' reasonable and necessary organizational expenses.

(2) A joint request by a bank and its incorporators shall include an accounting of the funds expended by the incorporators which shall be prepared by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(3) If the commissioner determines that the accounting of funds expended is substantially similar to the amount disclosed in the application as estimated expenses of organization, the commissioner may authorize the bank to reimburse the incorporators.

(4) The commissioner may waive the requirements of this section if the expenses of organizing a bank will be paid by a bank holding company.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13105 Bank as body corporate; authorization.

Sec. 3105.

If the commissioner approves the articles of incorporation as required by this act, the bank shall become a body corporate. A bank shall not transact any business, except as is incidental and necessarily preliminary to its organization, until it has been authorized by the commissioner to commence the business of banking.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13106 Commencement of business.

Sec. 3106.

(1) Within 30 days after the approval of its articles of incorporation, or a later time not to exceed 1 year as approved by the commissioner, the bank shall notify the commissioner that all of its capital and surplus has been fully paid in and that it has complied with all of the required provisions of this act necessary to be authorized to commence the business of banking.

(2) The commissioner shall make examinations as he or she considers necessary to verify the conditions set forth in subsection (1), and if it appears that the bank is lawfully entitled to commence business, the commissioner, within 30 days after receiving the notice provided for in this section, shall give to the bank a certificate under the official seal of the bureau that the bank has complied with all of the required provisions and is authorized to commence business.

(3) The application is considered abandoned and of no further effect if the bank fails to furnish the notice

provided for in this section within the specified time or fails to comply with the required provisions within the period of time determined by the commissioner.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13107 Organization meeting; notice.

Sec. 3107.

The organizational meeting of every bank shall be called by a notice designating the time and place of the meeting and stating the purpose for which the meeting is called. The notice shall be served personally on all the incorporators at least 5 days before the date set for the meeting. If all the incorporators are present at the meeting or in writing waive notice, then no notice shall be required for the organizational meeting.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000

487.13108 Capital adequacy; requirements.

Sec. 3108.

(1) A bank organized under this act shall have capital in an amount the commissioner considers adequate to conduct its business.

(2) A bank shall not be authorized to commence business until it has surplus at least equal to 20% of its capital.

(3) After organization, each bank shall maintain an adequate capital structure appropriate to conduct its business and the protection of its depositors. The capital adequacy of a bank shall be analyzed and appraised in relation to the character of its management, the liquidity of assets, history of earnings and of the retention of earnings, the potential volatility of the deposit structure, and its risk management, with due regard to the bank's capacity to furnish the broadest service to the public.

(4) At all times a bank shall maintain surplus in an amount equal to at least the amount of its capital, except as provided in subsection (2) and except as provided in section 3806, and shall not reduce surplus without the approval of the commissioner.

History: 1999, Act 276, Eff. Mar. 1, 2000