HOUSE BILL NO. 5382

November 14, 2023, Introduced by Reps. Wozniak, Jaime Greene, Aragona, DeBoyer, Borton, Kuhn, Johnsen, Alexander, Outman, DeBoer, BeGole, St. Germaine, Martin and Phil Green and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending section 625n (MCL 257.625n), as amended by 2010 PA 155.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 625n. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section
- 2 and section 304 and in addition to any other penalty provided for
- 3 in this act, the judgment of sentence for a conviction for a
- 4 violation of section 625(1) described in section 625(9)(b) or (c),
- 5 a violation of section 625(3) described in section 625(11)(b) or
- $\mathbf{6}$ (c), a violation of section 625(4), (5), or (7), or a violation of

- 1 section 904(4) or (5), or, beginning October 31, 2010, a violation
- 2 of section 626(3) or (4), may require 1 of the following with
- 3 regard to the vehicle used in the offense if the defendant owns the
- 4 vehicle in whole or in part or leases the vehicle:
- 5 (a) Forfeiture of the vehicle if the defendant owns the
- 6 vehicle in whole or in part.
- 7 (b) Return of the vehicle to the lessor if the defendant
- 8 leases the vehicle.
- 9 (2) The vehicle may be seized under a seizure order issued by
- 10 the court having jurisdiction upon a showing of probable cause that
- 11 the vehicle is subject to forfeiture or return to the lessor.
- 12 (3) The forfeiture of a vehicle is subject to the interest of
- 13 the holder of a security interest who that did not have prior
- 14 knowledge of or consent to the violation.
- 15 (4) Within 14 days after the defendant's conviction for a
- 16 violation described in subsection (1), the prosecuting attorney may
- 17 file a petition with the court for the forfeiture of the vehicle or
- 18 to have the court order return of a leased vehicle to the lessor.
- 19 The prosecuting attorney shall give notice by first-class mail or
- 20 other process to the defendant and his or her the defendant's
- 21 attorney, to all owners of the vehicle, and to any person holding
- 22 that holds a security interest in the vehicle that the court may
- 23 require forfeiture or return of the vehicle.
- 24 (5) If a vehicle is seized before disposition of the criminal
- 25 proceedings, a defendant who is an owner or lessee of the vehicle
- 26 may move the court having that has jurisdiction over the
- 27 proceedings to require the seizing agency to file a lien against
- 28 the vehicle and to return the vehicle to the owner or lessee
- 29 pending disposition of the criminal proceedings. The court shall

- 1 hear the motion within 7 days after the motion is filed. If the
- 2 defendant establishes at the hearing that he or she the defendant
- 3 holds the legal title to the vehicle or that he or she the
- 4 defendant has a leasehold interest and that it is necessary for him
- 5 or her the defendant or a member of his or her the defendant's
- 6 family to use the vehicle pending the outcome of the forfeiture
- 7 action, the court may order the seizing agency to return the
- 8 vehicle to the owner or lessee. If the court orders the return of
- 9 the vehicle to the owner or lessee, the court shall order the
- 10 defendant to post a bond in an amount equal to the retail value of
- 11 the vehicle, and shall also order the seizing agency to file a lien
- 12 against the vehicle.
- 13 (6) Within 14 days after notice by the prosecuting attorney is
- 14 given under subsection (4), the defendant, an owner, lessee, or
- 15 holder of a security interest may file a claim of interest in the
- 16 vehicle with the court. Within 21 days after the expiration of the
- 17 period for filing claims, but before or at sentencing, the court
- 18 shall hold a hearing to determine the legitimacy of any claim, the
- 19 extent of any co-owner's equity interest, the liability of the
- 20 defendant to any co-lessee, and whether to order the vehicle
- 21 forfeited or returned to the lessor. In considering whether to
- 22 order forfeiture, the court shall review the defendant's driving
- 23 record to determine whether the defendant has multiple convictions
- 24 under section 625 or a local ordinance that substantially
- 25 corresponding corresponds to section 625, or multiple suspensions,
- 26 restrictions, or denials under section 904, or both. If the
- 27 defendant has multiple convictions under section 625 or multiple
- 28 suspensions, restrictions, or denials under section 904, or both,
- 29 that factor shall must weigh heavily in favor of forfeiture.

- (7) If a vehicle is forfeited under this section, the unit of 1 government that seized the vehicle shall sell the vehicle pursuant 2 to the procedures under section 252q(1) and dispose of the proceeds 3 in the following order of priority: 4
- 5 (a) Pay any outstanding security interest of a secured party 6 who-that did not have prior knowledge of or consent to the 7 commission of the violation.
 - (b) Pay the equity interest of a co-owner who did not have prior knowledge of or consent to the commission of the violation.
 - (c) Satisfy any order of restitution entered in the prosecution for the violation.

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- (d) Pay any outstanding accrued towing and storage fees.
- 13 (e) Pay the claim of each person who shows that he or she the person is a victim of the violation to the extent that the claim is 15 not covered by an order of restitution.
- 16 (f) Pay any outstanding lien against the property that has 17 been imposed by a governmental unit.
 - (q) Pay the proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including, but not limited to, expenses incurred during the seizure process and expenses for maintaining custody of the property, advertising, and court costs.
 - (h) The balance remaining that remains after the payment of items described in subdivisions (a) through to (g) shall must be distributed by the court having that has jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings to the treasurer of the unit or units of government substantially involved in effecting the forfeiture. Seventy-five percent of the money received by a unit of government under this subdivision shall must be used to enhance enforcement of the criminal laws as appropriated by the entity that has budgetary

- 1 authority over the unit or units of government substantially
- 2 involved in effecting the forfeiture with not more than 30%, or in
- 3 the alternative, an amount not exceeding an hourly rate agreed to
- 4 by the seizing agency and the appropriate prosecutor, being
- 5 directed to the prosecuting attorney for the county if the county
- 6 is the unit, or 1 of the units of government substantially involved
- 7 in effecting the forfeiture, and 25% of the money shall must be
- 8 used to implement the William Van Regenmorter crime victim's rights
- 9 act, 1985 PA 87, MCL 780.751 to 780.834. A unit of government
- 10 receiving money under this subdivision shall report annually to the
- 11 department of technology, management, and budget the amount of
- 12 money received under this subdivision that was used to enhance
- 13 enforcement of the criminal laws and the amount that was used to
- 14 implement the William Van Regenmorter crime victim's rights act,
- 15 1985 PA 87, MCL 780.751 to 780.834.
- 16 (8) The court may order the defendant to pay to a co-lessee
- 17 any liability determined under subsection (6). The order may be
- 18 enforced in the same manner as a civil judgment.
- 19 (9) The return of a vehicle to the lessor under this section
- 20 does not affect or impair the lessor's rights or the defendant's
- 21 obligations under the lease.
- 22 (10) A person who knowingly conceals, sells, gives away, or
- 23 otherwise transfers or disposes of a vehicle with the intent to
- 24 avoid forfeiture or return of the vehicle to the lessor under this
- 25 section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for
- 26 not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or
- 27 both.
- 28 (11) The failure of the court or prosecutor to comply with any
- 29 time limit specified in this section does not preclude the court

- 1 from ordering forfeiture of a vehicle or its return to a lessor,
- 2 unless the court finds that the owner or claimant suffered
- 3 substantial prejudice as a result of that failure.
- 4 (12) The forfeiture provisions of this section do not preclude
- 5 the prosecuting attorney from pursuing a forfeiture proceeding
- 6 under any other law of this state or a local ordinance that
- 7 substantially corresponding corresponds to this section.