

**SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR
HOUSE BILL NO. 4952**

A bill to amend 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, entitled
"Michigan employment security act,"
by amending section 29 (MCL 421.29), as amended by 2011 PA 269.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 29. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), an
2 individual is disqualified from receiving benefits if he or she:
3 (a) Left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to
4 the employer or employing unit. An individual who left work is
5 presumed to have left work voluntarily without good cause
6 attributable to the employer or employing unit. An individual who
7 is absent from work for a period of 3 consecutive work days or more
8 without contacting the employer in a manner acceptable to the
9 employer and of which the individual was informed at the time of
10 hire shall be considered to have voluntarily left work without good

1 cause attributable to the employer. An individual who becomes
2 unemployed as a result of negligently losing a requirement for the
3 job of which he or she was informed at the time of hire shall be
4 considered to have voluntarily left work without good cause
5 attributable to the employer. An individual claiming benefits under
6 this act has the burden of proof to establish that he or she left
7 work involuntarily or for good cause that was attributable to the
8 employer or employing unit. An individual claiming to have left
9 work involuntarily for medical reasons must have done all of the
10 following before the leaving: secured a statement from a medical
11 professional that continuing in the individual's current job would
12 be harmful to the individual's physical or mental health;
13 unsuccessfully attempted to secure alternative work with the
14 employer; and unsuccessfully attempted to be placed on a leave of
15 absence with the employer to last until the individual's mental or
16 physical health would no longer be harmed by the current job.
17 However, if any of the following conditions is met, the leaving
18 does not disqualify the individual:

19 (i) The individual has an established benefit year in effect
20 and during that benefit year leaves unsuitable work within 60 days
21 after the beginning of that work. Benefits paid after a leaving
22 under this subparagraph shall not be charged to the experience
23 account of the employer the individual left, but shall be charged
24 instead to the nonchargeable benefits account.

25 (ii) The individual is the spouse of a full-time member of the
26 United States armed forces, and the leaving is due to the military
27 duty reassignment of that member of the United States armed forces

1 to a different geographic location. Benefits paid after a leaving
2 under this subparagraph shall not be charged to the experience
3 account of the employer the individual left, but shall be charged
4 instead to the nonchargeable benefits account.

5 (iii) The individual is concurrently working part-time for an
6 employer or employing unit and for another employer or employing
7 unit and voluntarily leaves the part-time work while continuing
8 work with the other employer. The portion of the benefits paid in
9 accordance with this subparagraph that would otherwise be charged
10 to the experience account of the part-time employer that the
11 individual left shall not be charged to the account of that
12 employer, but shall be charged instead to the nonchargeable
13 benefits account.

14 (b) Was suspended or discharged for misconduct connected with
15 the individual's work or for intoxication while at work.

16 (c) Failed without good cause to apply diligently for
17 available suitable work after receiving notice from the
18 unemployment agency of the availability of that work or failed to
19 apply for work with employers that could reasonably be expected to
20 have suitable work available.

21 (d) Failed without good cause while unemployed to report to
22 the individual's former employer or employing unit within a
23 reasonable time after that employer or employing unit provided
24 notice of the availability of an interview concerning available
25 suitable work with the former employer or employing unit.

26 (e) Failed without good cause to accept suitable work offered
27 to the individual or to return to the individual's customary self-

1 employment, if any, when directed by the employment office or the
2 unemployment agency. An employer that receives a monetary
3 determination under section 32 may notify the unemployment agency
4 regarding the availability of suitable work with the employer on
5 the monetary determination or other form provided by the
6 unemployment agency. Upon receipt of the notice of the availability
7 of suitable work, the unemployment agency shall notify the claimant
8 of the availability of suitable work. **UNTIL 1 YEAR AFTER THE**
9 **EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AMENDATORY ACT THAT ADDED THIS SENTENCE, AN**
10 **INDIVIDUAL IS CONSIDERED TO HAVE REFUSED AN OFFER OF SUITABLE WORK**
11 **IF THE PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYER REQUIRES AS A CONDITION OF THE OFFER A**
12 **DRUG TEST THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE SAME TERMS AND CONDITIONS AS A**
13 **DRUG TEST ADMINISTERED UNDER SUBDIVISION (M), AND THE EMPLOYER**
14 **WITHDRAWS THE CONDITIONAL OFFER AFTER EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:**

15 (i) **THE INDIVIDUAL TESTS POSITIVE FOR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE**
16 **AND LACKS A VALID, DOCUMENTED PRESCRIPTION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION**
17 **17708 OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH CODE, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17708, FOR**
18 **THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ISSUED TO THE INDIVIDUAL BY HIS OR HER**
19 **TREATING PHYSICIAN.**

20 (ii) **THE INDIVIDUAL REFUSES WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE TO SUBMIT TO THE**
21 **DRUG TEST.**

22 (f) Lost his or her job due to absence from work resulting
23 from a violation of law for which the individual was convicted and
24 sentenced to jail or prison. This subdivision does not apply if
25 conviction of an individual results in a sentence to county jail
26 under conditions of day parole as provided in 1962 PA 60, MCL
27 801.251 to 801.258, or if the conviction was for a traffic

1 violation that resulted in an absence of less than 10 consecutive
2 work days from the individual's place of employment.

3 (g) Is discharged, whether or not the discharge is
4 subsequently reduced to a disciplinary layoff or suspension, for
5 participation in either of the following:

6 (i) A strike or other concerted action in violation of an
7 applicable collective bargaining agreement that results in
8 curtailment of work or restriction of or interference with
9 production.

10 (ii) A wildcat strike or other concerted action not authorized
11 by the individual's recognized bargaining representative.

12 (h) Was discharged for an act of assault and battery connected
13 with the individual's work.

14 (i) Was discharged for theft connected with the individual's
15 work.

16 (j) Was discharged for willful destruction of property
17 connected with the individual's work.

18 (k) Committed a theft after receiving notice of a layoff or
19 discharge, but before the effective date of the layoff or
20 discharge, resulting in loss or damage to the employer who would
21 otherwise be chargeable for the benefits, regardless of whether the
22 individual qualified for the benefits before the theft.

23 (l) Was employed by a temporary help firm, which as used in
24 this section means an employer whose primary business is to provide
25 a client with the temporary services of 1 or more individuals under
26 contract with the employer, to perform services for a client of
27 that firm if each of the following conditions is met:

1 (i) The temporary help firm provided the employee with a
2 written notice before the employee began performing services for
3 the client stating in substance both of the following:

4 (A) That within 7 days after completing services for a client
5 of the temporary help firm, the employee is under a duty to notify
6 the temporary help firm of the completion of those services.

7 (B) That a failure to provide the temporary help firm with
8 notice of the employee's completion of services pursuant to sub-
9 subparagraph (A) constitutes a voluntary quit that will affect the
10 employee's eligibility for unemployment compensation should the
11 employee seek unemployment compensation following completion of
12 those services.

13 (ii) The employee did not provide the temporary help firm with
14 notice that the employee had completed his or her services for the
15 client within 7 days after completion of his or her services for
16 the client.

17 (m) Was discharged for illegally ingesting, injecting,
18 inhaling, or possessing a controlled substance on the premises of
19 the employer; refusing to submit to a drug test that was required
20 to be administered in a nondiscriminatory manner; or testing
21 positive on a drug test, if the test was administered in a
22 nondiscriminatory manner. If the worker disputes the result of the
23 testing, and if a generally accepted confirmatory test has not been
24 administered on the same sample previously tested, then a generally
25 accepted confirmatory test shall be administered on that sample. If
26 the confirmatory test also indicates a positive result for the
27 presence of a controlled substance, the worker who is discharged as

1 a result of the test result will be disqualified under this
2 subdivision. A report by a drug testing facility showing a positive
3 result for the presence of a controlled substance is conclusive
4 unless there is substantial evidence to the contrary. As used in
5 this subdivision **AND SUBDIVISION (E)**:

6 (i) "Controlled substance" means that term as defined in
7 section 7104 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7104.

8 (ii) "Drug test" means a test designed to detect the illegal
9 use of a controlled substance.

10 (iii) "Nondiscriminatory manner" means administered impartially
11 and objectively in accordance with a collective bargaining
12 agreement, rule, policy, a verbal or written notice, or a labor-
13 management contract.

14 (n) Theft from the employer that resulted in the employee's
15 conviction, within 2 years of the date of the discharge, of theft
16 or a lesser included offense.

17 (2) A disqualification under subsection (1) begins the week in
18 which the act or discharge that caused the disqualification occurs
19 and continues until the disqualified individual requalifies under
20 subsection (3). ~~, except that for benefit years beginning before~~
21 ~~October 1, 2000, the disqualification does not prevent the payment~~
22 ~~of benefits if there are credit weeks, other than multiemployer~~
23 ~~credit weeks, after the most recent disqualifying act or discharge.~~

24 (3) After the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge
25 described in subsection (1) occurs, an individual who seeks to
26 requalify for benefits is subject to all of the following:

27 (a) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, the

1 individual shall complete 6 requalifying weeks if he or she was
2 disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l), or
3 13 requalifying weeks if he or she was disqualified under
4 subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m). A requalifying week
5 required under this subdivision is each week in which the
6 individual does any of the following:

7 (i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount at least equal
8 to an amount needed to earn a credit week, as that term is defined
9 in section 50.

10 (ii) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to
11 receive a benefit payment if the individual were not disqualified
12 under subsection (1).

13 (iii) Receives a benefit payment based on credit weeks
14 subsequent to the disqualifying act or discharge.

15 (b) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, if
16 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), he
17 or she shall requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying
18 discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable
19 under this act or the unemployment compensation act of another
20 state an amount equal to, or in excess of, 7 times the individual's
21 potential weekly benefit rate, calculated on the basis of
22 employment with the employer involved in the disqualification, or
23 by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or
24 the unemployment compensation act of another state an amount equal
25 to, or in excess of, 40 times the state minimum hourly wage times
26 7, whichever is the lesser amount.

27 (c) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, a

1 benefit payable to an individual disqualified under subsection
2 (1)(a) or (b) shall be charged to the nonchargeable benefits
3 account, and not to the account of the employer with whom the
4 individual was involved in the disqualification.

5 (d) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000,
6 after the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge
7 occurred, an individual shall complete 13 requalifying weeks if he
8 or she was disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f),
9 (g), or (l), or 26 requalifying weeks if he or she was disqualified
10 under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), (m), or (n). A requalifying
11 week required under this subdivision is each week in which the
12 individual does any of the following:

13 (i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount equal to at
14 least 1/13 of the minimum amount needed in a calendar quarter of
15 the base period for an individual to qualify for benefits, rounded
16 down to the nearest whole dollar.

17 (ii) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to
18 receive a benefit payment if the individual was not disqualified
19 under subsection (1).

20 (e) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000
21 and beginning before April 26, 2002, if the individual is
22 disqualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), he or she shall
23 requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or
24 discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable
25 under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another
26 state at least the lesser of the following:

27 (i) Seven times the individual's weekly benefit rate.

1 (ii) Forty times the state minimum hourly wage times 7.

2 (f) For benefit years beginning on or after April 26, 2002, if
3 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a), he or she
4 shall requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or
5 discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable
6 under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another
7 state at least 12 times the individual's weekly benefit rate.

8 (g) For benefit years beginning on or after April 26, 2002, if
9 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(b), he or she
10 shall requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or
11 discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable
12 under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another
13 state at least 17 times the individual's weekly benefit rate.

14 (h) A benefit payable to the individual disqualified or
15 separated under disqualifying circumstances under subsection (1)(a)
16 or (b), shall be charged to the nonchargeable benefits account, and
17 not to the account of the employer with whom the individual was
18 involved in the separation. Benefits payable to an individual
19 determined by the unemployment agency to be separated under
20 disqualifying circumstances shall not be charged to the account of
21 the employer involved in the disqualification for any period after
22 the employer notifies the unemployment agency of the claimant's
23 possible ineligibility or disqualification. However, an individual
24 filing a new claim for benefits who reports the reason for
25 separation from a base period employer as a voluntary leaving shall
26 be presumed to have voluntarily left without good cause
27 attributable to the employer and shall be disqualified unless the

1 individual provides substantial evidence to rebut the presumption.
2 If a disqualifying act or discharge occurs during the individual's
3 benefit year, any benefits that may become payable to the
4 individual in a later benefit year based on employment with the
5 employer involved in the disqualification shall be charged to the
6 nonchargeable benefits account.

7 (4) The maximum amount of benefits otherwise available under
8 section 27(d) to an individual disqualified under subsection (1) is
9 subject to all of the following conditions:

10 (a) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, if
11 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e),
12 (f), (g), or (l) and the maximum amount of benefits is based on
13 wages and credit weeks earned from an employer before an act or
14 discharge involving that employer, the amount shall be reduced by
15 an amount equal to the individual's weekly benefit rate as to that
16 employer multiplied by the lesser of either of the following:

17 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the individual
18 under this section.

19 (ii) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remaining with
20 that employer.

21 (b) If the individual has insufficient or no potential benefit
22 entitlement remaining with the employer involved in the
23 disqualification in the benefit year in existence on the date of
24 the disqualifying determination, a reduction of benefits described
25 in this subsection applies in a succeeding benefit year with
26 respect to any benefit entitlement based upon credit weeks earned
27 with the employer before the disqualifying act or discharge.

1 (c) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, an
2 individual disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or
3 (m) is not entitled to benefits based on wages and credit weeks
4 earned before the disqualifying act or discharge with the employer
5 involved in the disqualification.

6 (d) The benefit entitlement of an individual disqualified
7 under subsection (1)(a) or (b) is not subject to reduction as a
8 result of that disqualification.

9 (e) A denial or reduction of benefits under this subsection
10 does not apply to benefits based upon multiemployer credit weeks.

11 (f) For benefit years established on or after October 1, 2000,
12 if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d),
13 (e), (f), (g), or (l), the maximum number of weeks otherwise
14 applicable in calculating benefits for the individual under section
15 27(d) shall be reduced by the lesser of the following:

16 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the individual
17 under this section.

18 (ii) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remaining on
19 the claim.

20 (g) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000,
21 the benefits of an individual disqualified under subsection (1)(h),
22 (i), (j), (k), (m), or (n) shall be reduced by 13 weeks and any
23 weekly benefit payments made to the claimant thereafter shall be
24 reduced by the portion of the payment attributable to base period
25 wages paid by the base period employer involved in a
26 disqualification under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), (m), or
27 (n).

1 (5) If an individual leaves work to accept permanent full-time
2 work with another employer or to accept a referral to another
3 employer from the individual's union hiring hall and performs
4 services for that employer, or if an individual leaves work to
5 accept a recall from a former employer, all of the following apply:

6 (a) Subsection (1) does not apply.

7 (b) Wages earned with the employer whom the individual last
8 left, including wages previously transferred under this subsection
9 to the last employer, for the purpose of computing and charging
10 benefits, are wages earned from the employer with whom the
11 individual accepted work or recall, and benefits paid based upon
12 those wages shall be charged to that employer.

13 (c) When issuing a determination covering the period of
14 employment with a new or former employer described in this
15 subsection, the unemployment agency shall advise the chargeable
16 employer of the name and address of the other employer, the period
17 covered by the employment, and the extent of the benefits that may
18 be charged to the account of the chargeable employer.

19 (6) In determining whether work is suitable for an individual,
20 the unemployment agency shall consider the degree of risk involved
21 to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's
22 physical fitness and prior training, the individual's length of
23 unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the
24 individual's customary occupation, and the distance of the
25 available work from the individual's residence. Additionally, the
26 unemployment agency shall consider the individual's experience and
27 prior earnings, but an unemployed individual who refuses an offer

1 of work determined to be suitable under this section shall be
2 denied benefits if the pay rate for that work is at least 70% of
3 the gross pay rate he or she received immediately before becoming
4 unemployed. Beginning January 15, 2012, after an individual has
5 received benefits for 50% of the benefit weeks in the individual's
6 benefit year, work shall not be considered unsuitable because it is
7 outside of the individual's training or experience or unsuitable as
8 to pay rate if the pay rate for that work meets or exceeds the
9 minimum wage; is at least the prevailing mean wage for similar work
10 in the locality for the most recent full calendar year for which
11 data are available as published by the department of technology,
12 management, and budget as "wages by job title", by standard
13 metropolitan statistical area; and is 120% or more of the
14 individual's weekly benefit amount.

15 (7) Work is not suitable and benefits shall not be denied
16 under this act to an otherwise eligible individual for refusing to
17 accept new work under any of the following conditions:

18 (a) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a
19 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute.

20 (b) If the remuneration, hours, or other conditions of the
21 work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual
22 than those prevailing for similar work in the locality.

23 (c) If as a condition of being employed, the individual would
24 be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain
25 from joining a bona fide labor organization.

26 (8) All of the following apply to an individual who seeks
27 benefits under this act:

1 (a) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits for
2 a week in which the individual's total or partial unemployment is
3 due to either of the following:

4 (i) A labor dispute in active progress at the place at which
5 the individual is or was last employed, or a shutdown or start-up
6 operation caused by that labor dispute.

7 (ii) A labor dispute, other than a lockout, in active progress
8 or a shutdown or start-up operation caused by that labor dispute in
9 any other establishment within the United States that is both
10 functionally integrated with the establishment described in
11 subparagraph (i) and operated by the same employing unit.

12 (b) An individual's disqualification imposed or imposable
13 under this subsection is terminated if the individual performs
14 services in employment with an employer in at least 2 consecutive
15 weeks falling wholly within the period of the individual's total or
16 partial unemployment due to the labor dispute, and in addition
17 earns wages in each of those weeks in an amount equal to or greater
18 than the individual's actual or potential weekly benefit rate.

19 (c) An individual is not disqualified under this subsection if
20 the individual is not directly involved in the labor dispute. An
21 individual is not directly involved in a labor dispute unless any
22 of the following are established:

23 (i) At the time or in the course of a labor dispute in the
24 establishment in which the individual was then employed, the
25 individual in concert with 1 or more other employees voluntarily
26 stopped working other than at the direction of the individual's
27 employing unit.

1 (ii) The individual is participating in, financing, or directly
2 interested in the labor dispute that causes the individual's total
3 or partial unemployment. The payment of regular union dues, in
4 amounts and for purposes established before the inception of the
5 labor dispute, is not financing a labor dispute within the meaning
6 of this subparagraph.

7 (iii) At any time a labor dispute in the establishment or
8 department in which the individual was employed does not exist, and
9 the individual voluntarily stops working, other than at the
10 direction of the individual's employing unit, in sympathy with
11 employees in some other establishment or department in which a
12 labor dispute is in progress.

13 (iv) The individual's total or partial unemployment is due to a
14 labor dispute that was or is in progress in a department, unit, or
15 group of workers in the same establishment.

16 (d) As used in this subsection, "directly interested" shall be
17 construed and applied so as not to disqualify individuals
18 unemployed as a result of a labor dispute the resolution of which
19 may not reasonably be expected to affect their wages, hours, or
20 other conditions of employment, and to disqualify individuals whose
21 wages, hours, or conditions of employment may reasonably be
22 expected to be affected by the resolution of the labor dispute. A
23 "reasonable expectation" of an effect on an individual's wages,
24 hours, or other conditions of employment exists, in the absence of
25 a substantial preponderance of evidence to the contrary, in any of
26 the following situations:

27 (i) If it is established that there is in the particular

1 establishment or employing unit a practice, custom, or contractual
2 obligation to extend within a reasonable period to members of the
3 individual's grade or class of workers in the establishment in
4 which the individual is or was last employed changes in terms and
5 conditions of employment that are substantially similar or related
6 to some or all of the changes in terms and conditions of employment
7 that are made for the workers among whom there exists the labor
8 dispute that has caused the individual's total or partial
9 unemployment.

10 (ii) If it is established that 1 of the issues in or purposes
11 of the labor dispute is to obtain a change in the terms and
12 conditions of employment for members of the individual's grade or
13 class of workers in the establishment in which the individual is or
14 was last employed.

15 (iii) If a collective bargaining agreement covers both the
16 individual's grade or class of workers in the establishment in
17 which the individual is or was last employed and the workers in
18 another establishment of the same employing unit who are actively
19 participating in the labor dispute, and that collective bargaining
20 agreement is subject by its terms to modification, supplementation,
21 or replacement, or has expired or been opened by mutual consent at
22 the time of the labor dispute.

23 (e) In determining the scope of the grade or class of workers,
24 evidence of the following is relevant:

25 (i) Representation of the workers by the same national or
26 international organization or by local affiliates of that national
27 or international organization.

1 (ii) Whether the workers are included in a single, legally
2 designated, or negotiated bargaining unit.

3 (iii) Whether the workers are or within the past 6 months have
4 been covered by a common master collective bargaining agreement
5 that sets forth all or any part of the terms and conditions of the
6 workers' employment, or by separate agreements that are or have
7 been bargained as a part of the same negotiations.

8 (iv) Any functional integration of the work performed by those
9 workers.

10 (v) Whether the resolution of those issues involved in the
11 labor dispute as to some of the workers could directly or
12 indirectly affect the advancement, negotiation, or settlement of
13 the same or similar issues in respect to the remaining workers.

14 (vi) Whether the workers are currently or have been covered by
15 the same or similar demands by their recognized or certified
16 bargaining agent or agents for changes in their wages, hours, or
17 other conditions of employment.

18 (vii) Whether issues on the same subject matter as those
19 involved in the labor dispute have been the subject of proposals or
20 demands made upon the employing unit that would by their terms have
21 applied to those workers.

22 (9) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (8), if the employing
23 unit submits notice to the unemployment agency of possible
24 ineligibility or disqualification beyond the time limits prescribed
25 by unemployment agency rule ~~, the notice shall not form the basis~~
26 ~~of a determination of ineligibility or disqualification for a claim~~
27 ~~period compensated before the receipt of the notice by the~~

1 ~~unemployment agency.~~ AND THE UNEMPLOYMENT AGENCY CONCLUDES THAT
2 BENEFITS SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN PAID, THE CLAIMANT SHALL REPAY THE
3 BENEFITS PAID DURING THE ENTIRE PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY OR
4 DISQUALIFICATION. THE UNEMPLOYMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT CHARGE INTEREST
5 ON REPAYMENTS REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

6 (10) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits for
7 any week or part of a week in which the individual has received, is
8 receiving, or is seeking unemployment benefits under an
9 unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United
10 States. If the appropriate agency of the other state or of the
11 United States finally determines that the individual is not
12 entitled to unemployment benefits, the disqualification described
13 in this subsection does not apply.

14 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
15 unless all of the following bills of the 97th Legislature are
16 enacted into law:

- 17 (a) House Bill No. 4949.
18 (b) House Bill No. 4950.
19 (c) House Bill No. 4951.
20 (d) House Bill No. 4953.
21 (e) House Bill No. 4954.