SENATE BILL No. 580

June 12, 2007, Introduced by Senators GARCIA, JANSEN and JACOBS and referred to the Committee on Health Policy.

A bill to amend 1953 PA 181, entitled

"An act relative to investigations in certain instances of the causes of death within this state due to violence, negligence or other act or omission of a criminal nature or to protect public health; to provide for the taking of statements from injured persons under certain circumstances; to abolish the office of coroner and to create the office of county medical examiner in certain counties; to prescribe the powers and duties of county medical examiners; to prescribe penalties for violations of the provisions of this act; and to prescribe a referendum thereon,"

by amending sections 2, 3, and 5 (MCL 52.202, 52.203, and 52.205), section 2 as amended by 2004 PA 153 and sections 3 and 5 as amended by 2006 PA 569, and by adding section 5b.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2. (1) A county medical examiner or deputy county medical 1 2 examiner shall investigate the cause and manner of death of an individual under each of the following circumstances:

1

(a) The individual dies by violence.

2

(b) The individual's death is unexpected.

3 (c) The individual dies without medical attendance by a
4 physician, or the individual dies while under home hospice care
5 without medical attendance by a physician or a registered nurse,
6 during the 48 hours immediately preceding the time of death, unless
7 the attending physician, if any, is able to determine accurately
8 the cause of death.

9 (d) The individual dies as the result of an abortion, whether10 self-induced or otherwise.

11 (E) THE INDIVIDUAL DIES AS THE RESULT OF 1 OR MORE INJURIES
12 SUSPECTED TO HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY A FIRE.

(2) If a prisoner in a county or city jail dies while
imprisoned, the county medical examiner or deputy county medical
examiner, upon being notified of the death of the prisoner, shall
examine the body of the deceased prisoner.

(3) In conducting an investigation under subsection (1) or
(2), a county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner
may request the circuit court to issue a subpoena to produce
medical records, books, papers, documents, or other items related
to the death being investigated. The circuit court may punish
failure to obey a subpoena issued under this section as contempt of
court.

(4) Medical records, books, papers, documents, or other items
that a county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner
obtains in conducting an investigation under this act, whether in
response to a subpoena or otherwise, are exempt from disclosure

KKR

under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to
 15.246.

3

(5) As used in this section:

4 (a) "Home hospice care" means a program of planned and
5 continuous hospice care provided by a hospice or a hospice
6 residence that consists of a coordinated set of services rendered
7 to an individual at his or her home on a continuous basis for a
8 disease or condition with a terminal prognosis.

9 (b) "Physician" means a person licensed as a physician under
10 part 170 or part 175 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
11 333.17001 to 333.17084 and 333.17501 to 333.17556.

(c) "Registered nurse" means a person licensed as a registered
professional nurse under part 172 of the public health code, 1978
PA 368, MCL 333.17201 to 333.17242.

Sec. 3. (1) Any physician and any person A PHYSICIAN, AN
INDIVIDUAL in charge of any A hospital or institution OTHER HEALTH
FACILITY, or any person ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL who shall have HAS first
knowledge of the death of any person 1 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING
SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY
COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OF THAT FACT:

(A) AN INDIVIDUAL who shall have died suddenly, unexpectedly,
accidentally, violently, or as the result of any suspicious
circumstances. , or

24 (B) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO DIED AS A RESULT OF 1 OR MORE INJURIES
25 SUSPECTED TO HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY A FIRE.

26 (C) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO DIED without medical attendance during
27 the 48 hours prior to IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING the hour of death,

unless the attending physician, if any, is able to determine
 accurately the cause of death. , or in any case of death due to

3 (D) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO DIED AS A RESULT OF what is commonly
4 known as an abortion, whether self-induced or otherwise. , shall
5 notify the county medical examiner or his or her deputy immediately
6 of the death.

7 (2) If the physician, person-INDIVIDUAL in charge of any A hospital or institution OTHER HEALTH FACILITY, or other person 8 INDIVIDUAL who has first knowledge of the death of a person AN 9 **INDIVIDUAL** as described under subsection (1) has knowledge that 10 there were 2 or more individuals involved in the same accident who 11 12 were approximately the same age, sex, height, weight, hair color, 13 eye color, and race, then he or she shall make the county medical 14 examiner or his or her deputy aware of that fact and whether or not any of those individuals survived that accident when notifying the 15 examiner or deputy of the death as required under subsection (1). 16 17 If any of those individuals survived, the county medical examiner 18 or his or her deputy shall also be informed which hospital or 19 institution those individuals were taken to and the hospital or 20 institution shall also be made aware that the accident involved 2 or more individuals with similar attributes. 21

22 Sec. 5. (1) When IF a county medical examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY 23 MEDICAL EXAMINER has notice that there has been found within his or 24 her county or district the body of a person AN INDIVIDUAL who is 25 supposed to have come to his or her death MAY HAVE DIED in a manner 26 as indicated DESCRIBED in section 3 HAS BEEN FOUND WITHIN THE 27 COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER'S GEOGRAPHICAL JURISDICTION, the COUNTY

4

1 medical examiner shall take charge of the body. , and if, on view 2 of IF AFTER EXAMINING the body and personal inquiry into 3 **INVESTIGATING** the cause and manner of the death - the COUNTY 4 medical examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER considers a further examination necessary, the county medical examiner or a 5 6 deputy HE OR SHE may cause the dead body to be removed to the public morque. If the investigation is **SOLELY** for the reason only 7 that the dead person DECEDENT had no medical attendance during THE 8 9 48 hours before IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING the hour of death, and if the 10 dead person DECEDENT had chosen not to have medical attendance 11 because of his or her bona fide held religious convictions, removal 12 shall-IS not be required unless there is evidence of other 13 conditions stipulated DESCRIBED in section 3. If there is no public 14 morgue, then the body may be removed to a private morgue as 15 DESIGNATED BY the county medical examiner has designated OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER. 16

17 (2) The COUNTY medical examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL 18 EXAMINER may designate a person MEDICAL EXAMINER INVESTIGATOR 19 appointed pursuant to UNDER section 1a(2) to take charge of the 20 body, make pertinent inquiry, note the circumstances surrounding 21 the death, and, if considered necessary, cause the body to be 22 transported to the morgue for examination by the COUNTY medical 23 examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER. The COUNTY medical 24 examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER shall maintain a list of 25 persons MEDICAL EXAMINER INVESTIGATORS appointed pursuant to UNDER 26 section 1a(2) and their qualifications which AND shall be filed 27 FILE THE LIST with the local law enforcement agencies. The person A

5

1 MEDICAL EXAMINER INVESTIGATOR appointed pursuant to UNDER section 2 1a(2) shall not be an agent or employee of any A person or funeral 3 establishment licensed under article 18 of the occupational code, 4 1980 PA 299, MCL 339.1801 to 339.1812, receive, directly or 5 indirectly, any remuneration in connection with the disposition of 6 the body, or make any funeral or burial arrangements without 7 approval of the next of kin, if they are found KNOWN, or the person 8 **INDIVIDUAL** responsible for the funeral expenses.

9 (3) The EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 5B, THE county 10 medical examiner may perform or direct to be performed an autopsy 11 and shall carefully reduce or cause to be reduced to writing every 12 EACH fact and circumstance tending to show the condition of the 13 body and the cause and manner of death, together with AND SHALL 14 INCLUDE IN THAT WRITING the names NAME and addresses ADDRESS of any 15 persons EACH INDIVIDUAL present at the autopsy. , which record he or she shall subscribe. THE INDIVIDUAL PERFORMING THE AUTOPSY SHALL 16 SUBSCRIBE THE WRITING DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION. 17

18 (4) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION OR SECTION 19 5B, UPON RECEIPT OF A WRITTEN REQUEST FROM A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY 20 OR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY INVESTIGATING THE DEATH OF AN INDIVIDUAL WHO DIED AS A RESULT OF 1 OR MORE INJURIES SUSPECTED TO HAVE BEEN 21 CAUSED BY A FIRE, THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR HIS OR HER 22 DESIGNEE SHALL PERFORM AN AUTOPSY UPON THE BODY OF THE INDIVIDUAL. 23 24 IF THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER DOES NOT PERFORM OR ORDER THE 25 PERFORMANCE OF AN AUTOPSY PURSUANT TO A REQUEST RECEIVED UNDER THIS 26 SUBSECTION, THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER SHALL EXPLAIN TO THE 27 **REQUESTER IN WRITING WITHIN 48 HOURS OF RECEIVING THE WRITTEN**

6

REQUEST FOR THE AUTOPSY THAT THE DEATH WAS DIRECTLY CAUSED BY FIRE 1 2 AND THAT AN AUTOPSY WAS NOT REQUIRED TO DETERMINE OTHER POSSIBLE CAUSES OF DEATH. IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR PROSECUTING 3 4 ATTORNEY BELIEVES THAT AN AUTOPSY WOULD CONTRIBUTE MATERIALLY TO THE INVESTIGATION, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR PROSECUTING 5 ATTORNEY MAY FILE A PETITION WITH A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION 6 FOR A REVIEW OF THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER'S DECISION NOT TO 7 PERFORM AN AUTOPSY. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR PROSECUTING 8 ATTORNEY SHALL FILE A PETITION UNDER THIS SUBSECTION WITHIN 24 9 HOURS AFTER RECEIVING ORAL OR WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE COUNTY MEDICAL 10 11 EXAMINER'S DECISION NOT TO PERFORM THE AUTOPSY OR WITHIN 24 HOURS 12 AFTER THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER FAILS TO RESPOND WITHIN THE 48-HOUR TIME LIMIT. THE COURT IN WHICH THE PETITION IS FILED SHALL 13 HOLD A HEARING ON THE PETITION WITHIN 48 HOURS AFTER THE PETITION 14 IS FILED. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT AN AUTOPSY WOULD CONTRIBUTE 15 MATERIALLY TO THE INVESTIGATION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE COUNTY 16 MEDICAL EXAMINER TO PERFORM THE AUTOPSY IMMEDIATELY AND TO TRANSMIT 17 THE RESULTS OF THE AUTOPSY TO THE PETITIONER WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER 18 19 THE AUTOPSY IS PERFORMED AND ALL NECESSARY TESTS ARE COMPLETED.

(5) (4) The EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION 20 21 AND SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (6), THE COUNTY medical examiner OR 22 DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER shall ascertain the identity of the 23 deceased DECEDENT and notify immediately AND as compassionately as 24 possible NOTIFY the next of kin of the DECEDENT'S death and the 25 location of the body. except that such THE notification DESCRIBED 26 IN THIS SUBSECTION is not required if a person from the state 27 police, a county sheriff department, a township police department,

03337'07

KKR

or a municipal police department states to the COUNTY medical
 examiner OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER that the notification
 has already occurred.

4 (6) If visual identification of an individual is impossible as a result of burns, decomposition, or other disfiguring injuries or 5 if the county medical examiner is aware that the death is the 6 result of an accident that involved 2 or more individuals who were 7 approximately the same age, sex, height, weight, hair color, eye 8 9 color, and race, then the county medical examiner shall verify the 10 identity of the deceased through fingerprints, dental records, DNA, 11 or other definitive identification procedures and, if the accident 12 resulted in the survival of any individuals with the same 13 attributes, shall notify the respective hospital or institution of 14 his or her findings. The county medical examiner may conduct an autopsy UNDER SUBSECTION (3) if he or she determines that an 15 16 autopsy reasonably appears to be required pursuant to law. After 17 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 5B, AFTER the county 18 medical examiner, a deputy, a person from the state police, a 19 county sheriff department, a township police department, or a 20 municipal police department has made diligent effort to locate and 21 notify the next of kin, he or she THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER may 22 order and conduct the autopsy with or without the consent of the next of kin of the deceased. 23

(7) (5) The county medical examiner or a HIS OR HER deputy
shall keep a written record of the efforts to locate and notify the
next of kin for a period of 1 year from the date of the autopsy.
The county medical examiner shall, after any AFTER A required

KKR

examination or autopsy, THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER SHALL promptly 1 2 deliver or return the body to relatives or representatives of the 3 deceased. or, if IF there are no relatives or representatives OF 4 THE DECEASED known to the COUNTY MEDICAL examiner, he or she may 5 cause the body to be decently buried , except that the medical 6 examiner PURSUANT TO LAW, BUT may retain, as long as may be HE OR 7 SHE DETERMINES necessary, any A portion of the body believed by the COUNTY medical examiner to be necessary for the detection of any A 8 9 crime.

10 SEC. 5B. (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (2), A COUNTY MEDICAL 11 EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER SHALL NOT PERFORM AN 12 AUTOPSY ON THE BODY OF A DECEASED PERSON IF A NEXT OF KIN OF THE 13 DECEASED PERSON INFORMS THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY 14 COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER THAT AN AUTOPSY WOULD BE CONTRARY TO THE 15 DECEASED PERSON'S RELIGIOUS BELIEFS.

(2) A COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL 16 EXAMINER MAY PERFORM AN AUTOPSY UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED 17 IN SUBSECTION (1) IF THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY 18 19 MEDICAL EXAMINER DETERMINES THAT THERE IS A COMPELLING PUBLIC 20 NECESSITY FOR THE AUTOPSY. IF THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER DETERMINES THAT THERE IS A COMPELLING 21 PUBLIC NECESSITY FOR THE AUTOPSY, HE OR SHE SHALL NOT PERFORM THE 22 23 AUTOPSY FOR A PERIOD OF 24 HOURS AFTER MAKING THE DETERMINATION OF COMPELLING PUBLIC NECESSITY. A COMPELLING PUBLIC NECESSITY EXISTS 24 FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION IF EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING 25 26 CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTS:

27

(A) AN AUTOPSY IS NECESSARY FOR THE CONDUCT OF A CRIMINAL

03337'07

KKR

1 INVESTIGATION BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

2 (B) AN AUTOPSY IS NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE CAUSE OF THE
3 DECEASED PERSON'S DEATH IN ORDER TO PROTECT AGAINST AN IMMEDIATE
4 AND SUBSTANTIAL THREAT TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

5 (3) DURING THE 24-HOUR PERIOD DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2), A NEXT OF KIN DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1) MAY PETITION A COURT OF 6 7 COMPETENT JURISDICTION TO ENJOIN THE AUTOPSY. THE NEXT OF KIN SHALL INFORM THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL 8 EXAMINER IN WRITING OF THE PETITION. THE COURT IN WHICH THE 9 PETITION IS FILED SHALL CONDUCT A HEARING ON THE MATTER WITHIN 48 10 11 HOURS OF THE FILING OF THE PETITION. IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THERE 12 IS A COMPELLING PUBLIC NECESSITY, THE COURT SHALL ALLOW THE COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER TO PERFORM THE 13 14 AUTOPSY. A COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER OR DEPUTY COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER WHO PERFORMS AN AUTOPSY UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL USE THE 15 LEAST INTRUSIVE PROCEDURES ALLOWED UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. 16

17 (4) AS USED IN THIS ACT, "NEXT OF KIN" MEANS THE SPOUSE OF A
18 DECEASED INDIVIDUAL OR AN INDIVIDUAL RELATED TO THE DECEASED
19 INDIVIDUAL WITHIN THE THIRD DEGREE OF CONSANGUINITY AS DETERMINED
20 BY THE CIVIL LAW METHOD.

03337'07

Final Page

KKR