SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 6271

A bill to amend 1994 PA 451, entitled
"Natural resources and environmental protection act,"
by amending sections 48701 and 48703 (MCL 324.48701 and 324.48703),
section 48701 as amended by 2003 PA 270 and section 48703 as added
by 1995 PA 57; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 48701. As used in this part:
- 2 (a) "Amphibian" means any frog, toad, or salamander of the
- 3 class amphibia.
- 4 (b) "Crustacea" means any freshwater crayfish, shrimp, or
- 5 prawn of the order decapoda.
- 6 (C) "DIP NET" MEANS A SQUARE NET THAT IS CONSTRUCTED FROM A
- 7 PIECE OF WEBBING OF HEAVY TWINE, HUNG ON HEAVY CORD OR FRAME SO AS
- 8 TO BE WITHOUT SIDES OR WALLS, AND SUSPENDED FROM THE CORNERS AND
- 9 ATTACHED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT WHEN THE NET IS LIFTED NO PART IS

- 1 MORE THAN 4 FEET BELOW THE PLANE FORMED BY THE IMAGINARY LINES
- 2 CONNECTING THE CORNERS FROM WHICH THE NET IS SUSPENDED. AS USED IN
- 3 FISHING, IT SHALL BE LOWERED AND RAISED VERTICALLY AS NEARLY AS
- 4 POSSIBLE.
- 5 (D) (c) "Game fish" includes all of the following:
- 6 (i) Mackinaw or lake LAKE trout (Salvelinus namaycush).
- 7 (ii) Brook or speckled trout (Salvelinus fontinalis).
- 8 (iii) Brown and Loch Leven trout (Salmo trutta).
- 9 (iv) Rainbow and OR steelhead trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss).
- 10 (v) Landlocked ATLANTIC LANDLOCKED salmon (Salmo salar
- 11 sebago).
- 12 (vi) Grayling (Thymallus arcticus).
- 13 (vii) Largemouth black bass (Micropterus salmoides).
- 14 (viii) Smallmouth black bass (Micropterus dolomieu).
- 15 (ix) Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus).
- 16 (x) Pumpkinseed or common sunfish (Lepomis gibbosus).
- 17 (xi) Black crappie and white crappie, also known as calico bass
- 18 and strawberry bass (Pomoxis nigromaculatus and Pomoxis annularis).
- 19 (xii) Yellow perch , commonly called perch (Perca flavescens).
- 20 (xiii) Pike-perch, commonly called walleyed pike (Stizostedion
- 21 <u>vitreum</u>) WALLEYE (SANDER VITREOUS).
- 22 (xiv) Northern pike , also known as grass pike or pickerel
- 23 (Esox lucius).
- 24 (xv) Muskellunge (Esox masquinongy).
- 25 (xvi) Sturgeon—LAKE STURGEON (Acipenser fulvescens).
- 26 (xvii) Splake (Salvelinus namaycush x Salvelinus fontinalis).
- 27 (xviii) Coho salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch).

- 1 (xix) Chinook (King) salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha).
- 2 (xx) Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha).
- **3 (E)** "Genetically engineered" refers to a fish whose
- 4 genome, chromosomal or extrachromosomal, is modified permanently
- 5 and heritably, using recombinant nucleic acid techniques.
- 6 (F) "HAND NET" MEANS A MESH BAG OF WEBBING OR WIRE SUSPENDED
- 7 FROM A CIRCULAR, OVAL, OR RECTANGULAR FRAME ATTACHED TO A HANDLE.
- 8 (G) (e) "Inland waters of this state" means the waters within
- 9 the jurisdiction of the state except Saginaw river, Lakes Michigan,
- 10 Superior, Huron, and Erie, and the bays and the connecting waters.
- 11 The connecting waters between Lake Superior and Lake Huron are that
- 12 part of the Straits of St. Mary in this state extending from a line
- 13 drawn from Birch Point Range front light to the most westerly point
- 14 of Round Island, thence following the shore of Round Island to the
- 15 most northerly point thereof, thence from the most northerly point
- 16 of Round Island to Point Aux Pins light, Ontario, to a line drawn
- 17 due east and west from the most southerly point of Little Lime
- 18 Island. The connecting waters of Lake Huron and Lake Erie are all
- 19 of the St. Clair river, all of Lake St. Clair, and all of the
- 20 Detroit river extending from Fort Gratiot light in Lake Huron to a
- 21 line extending due east and west of the most southerly point of
- 22 Celeron Island in the Detroit river.
- 23 (H) (f) "Mollusks" means any mollusk of the classes bivalvia
- 24 and gastropoda.
- 25 (I) (g) "Nongame fish" includes all kinds of fish except game
- 26 fish.
- 27 (J) (h)—"Nonresident" means a person who is not a resident.

- 1 (K) $\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ "Nontrout streams" means all streams or portions of
- 2 streams other than trout streams.
- 3 (1) (j) "Open season" means the time during which fish may be
- 4 legally taken or killed and includes both the first and last day of
- 5 the season or period designated by this part.
- 6 (M) (k) "Recombinant nucleic acid techniques" means laboratory
- 7 techniques through which genetic material is isolated and
- 8 manipulated in vitro and then inserted into an organism.
- 9 (N) $\frac{(l)}{(l)}$ "Reptiles" means any turtle, snake, or lizard of the
- 10 class reptilia.
- 11 (0) (m) "Resident" means either of the following:
- (i) A person who resides in a settled or permanent home or
- 13 domicile with the intention of remaining in this state.
- 14 (ii) A student who is enrolled in a full-time course at a
- 15 college or university within this state.
- 16 (P) (n) "Trout lake" means a lake designated by the department
- in which brook trout, brown trout, or rainbow trout are the
- 18 predominating species of game fish. The department may designate
- 19 certain trout lakes in which certain species of fish are not
- 20 desired and in which it is unlawful to use live fish of any kind
- 21 for bait.
- (Q) (O)—"Trout stream" means any stream or portion of a stream
- 23 that contains a significant population of any species of trout or
- 24 salmon as determined by the department. The department shall
- 25 designate not more than 212 miles of trout streams in which only
- 26 lures or baits as the department prescribes may be used in fishing,
- 27 and the department may prescribe the size and number of fish that

- 1 may be taken from those trout streams. The department shall not
- 2 restrict children under 12 years old from taking a minimum of 1
- 3 fish, except for LAKE sturgeon (Acipenser fulvescens), in any trout
- 4 stream. Any trout stream in a county that includes a city with a
- 5 population of 750,000 or more shall be so designated. In addition,
- 6 the department shall issue an order adopting criteria for
- 7 determining which trout streams should be so designated. Before the
- 8 department issues the order, the department shall submit the
- 9 proposed order to the commission. The commission shall receive
- 10 public comment on the proposed order. The department shall consider
- 11 any guidance provided by the commission on the proposed order and
- 12 may make changes to the proposed order based on that guidance.
- Sec. 48703. (1) A person shall not take, catch, or kill or
- 14 attempt to take, catch, or kill a fish in the waters of this state
- 15 with a spear or grab hook, snag hook, or gaff hook, by the use of
- 16 jack or artificial light, by the use of a set or night line or a
- 17 net or firearm or an explosive substance or combination of
- 18 substances that have a tendency to kill or stupefy fish, or by any
- 19 other means or device other than a single line or a single rod and
- 20 line while held in the hand or under immediate control, and with a
- 21 hook or hooks attached, baited with a natural or artificial bait
- 22 while being used for still fishing, ice fishing, casting, or
- 23 trolling for fish, which is a means of the fish taking the bait or
- 24 hook in the mouth. A person shall not use more than 2-3 single
- 25 lines or 2-3 single rods and lines, or a single line and a single
- 26 rod and line, and shall not attach more than 4-6 hooks on all
- 27 lines. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO DECREASE THE

- 1 NUMBER OF RODS PER ANGLER. HOWEVER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOT REDUCE
- 2 THE NUMBER OF RODS PER ANGLER TO LESS THAN 2. For the purposes of
- 3 this part, a hook is a single, double, or treble pointed hook. A
- 4 hook, single, double, or treble pointed, attached to a manufactured
- 5 artificial bait shall be counted as 1 hook. The department may
- 6 designate waters where a treble hook and an artificial bait or lure
- 7 having more than 1 single pointed hook shall not be used during the
- 8 periods the department designates. In THE GREAT LAKES OR recognized
- 9 smelt waters, any numbers of hooks, attached to a single line, may
- 10 be used for the taking of smelt, ALEWIFE, OR OTHER BAIT FISH.
- 11 (2) A person shall not set or use a tip-up , paddle, or other
- 12 similar device for the purpose of taking fish through the ice
- 13 unless the name and address of the person owning the tip-up τ
- 14 paddle, or other similar device is marked in legible English on the
- 15 tip-up , paddle, or other similar device or securely fastened to it
- 16 by a plate or tag.
- 17 (3) A spear or bow and arrow may be used from April 1 to May
- 18 31 in the Lower Peninsula and during the month of May in the Upper
- 19 Peninsula for taking carp, suckers, redhorse, mullet, dogfish, and
- 20 garpike in the rivers and streams of this state. The department may
- 21 designate a county, stream, or a portion of a stream in which a
- 22 jack or other artificial light may be used in taking fish with a
- 23 spear or bow and arrow only. A person shall not use or possess a
- 24 spear or bow and arrow in, upon, or along any trout stream in this
- 25 state, except in a stream or portion of a stream that is designated
- 26 by the department for the taking of carp, suckers, redhorse,
- 27 mullet, dogfish, and garpike. A person may spear carp, suckers,

mullet, redhorse, sheepshead, lake trout, smelt, northern pike, 1 muskellunge, whitefish, ciscoes, pilot fish or Menominee whitefish, 2 sturgeon, catfish, bullheads, dogfish, and garpike through the ice 3 4 during the months of January and February in the inland waters of this state not otherwise closed to spearing. The department may 5 designate certain inland waters in which a spear or bow and arrow 6 may be used, with or without artificial light, for the taking of 7 carp, dogfish, and garpike during the periods from May 1 to August 8 9 15 in each year. The department may designate a trout lake, trout stream, or a portion of a trout stream in which a spear may be used 10 11 through the ice. The department may designate certain waters in 12 which a rubber or spring propelled spear may be used for the taking of carp, dogfish, garpike, and suckers, but only when the person 13 14 using the spear is swimming or submerged in the water and has the spear under control by means of an attached line not exceeding 20 15 16 feet in length. A person may use a spear or bow and arrow for the taking of carp, suckers, mullet, redhorse, sheepshead, lake trout, 17 smelt, northern pike, muskellunge, sturgeon, whitefish, ciscoes, 18 19 pilot fish or Menominee whitefish, catfish, bullheads, herring, perch, pike-perch, shad, dogfish, and garpike through the ice with 20 or without jack or other artificial lights in the connecting waters 21 of the Great Lakes, except that a jack or other artificial light 22 23 shall not be used in the connecting waters between Lake Erie and 24 Lake Huron. In the connecting waters between Lakes Huron and Erie, 25 a person may take carp, dogfish, and garpike with a spear or bow 26 and arrow without the use of artificial light. All species of fish 27 except largemouth and smallmouth black bass, crappies, bluegills,

- 1 sunfish, brook or speckled trout, rainbow and steelhead trout,
- 2 brown and Loch Leven trout, muskellunge, or sturgeon may be taken
- 3 with a spear or bow and arrow with or without the use of a jack or
- 4 other artificial light from the waters of the Great Lakes not
- 5 otherwise closed to spearing except that species of commercial fish
- 6 shall not be taken in this manner during a closed season
- 7 established under the laws governing commercial fishing. Other than
- 8 with seines for the taking of carp, a person shall not fish in the
- 9 waters of the Lake Huron between Pointe-Aux Barques light and
- 10 Harbor Beach within 1 mile of the shoreline except with a hook and
- 11 line. The department may issue an order to regulate the taking of
- 12 FISH WITH A SPEAR OR BOW AND ARROW IN THE WATERS OF THIS STATE.
- 13 (4) A hand net may be used from March 1 to May 31 for taking
- 14 smelt, suckers, mullet, carp, dogfish, and garpike. The department
- 15 may designate the waters where the fish may be taken and the time
- 16 within the dates when the fish may be taken. For the purpose of
- 17 this part, "hand net" means a mesh bag of webbing or wire suspended
- 18 from a circular, oval, or rectangular frame attached to a handle.
- 19 (5) A dip net without sides or walls and not exceeding 9 feet
- 20 square may be used in the nontrout rivers and streams and in other
- 21 rivers and streams or portions of the rivers and streams designated
- 22 by the department from April 1 to May 31 in the Lower Peninsula and
- 23 during the month of May in the Upper Peninsula for the purpose of
- 24 taking suckers, mullet, smelt, carp, dogfish, and garpike. For the
- 25 purpose of this part, "dip net" means a square net that is
- 26 constructed from a piece of webbing of heavy twine, hung on heavy
- 27 cord or a frame so as to be without sides or walls, and suspended

- 1 from the corners and attached in such a manner that when the net is
- 2 lifted no part is more than 4 feet below the plane formed by the
- 3 imaginary lines connecting the corners from which the net is
- 4 suspended. As used in fishing, it shall be lowered and raised
- 5 vertically as nearly as possible.
- 6 (6) A person desiring to fish with a dip net shall first
- 7 obtain a permit from the department. A dip net shall not be erected
- 8 or fished within 100 feet of a dam. The name and address of the
- 9 person setting, using, or having control over the dip net
- 10 equipment, including frame, boom, supporting members, and temporary
- 11 buildings, shall be plainly marked in legible English on the dip
- 12 net equipment or securely fastened to it by a plate or tag. Dip net
- 13 equipment and a temporary building erected and used pursuant to
- 14 this subsection that are located on public land or the land of
- 15 another person shall be removed prior to June 10 of each year
- 16 unless maintained with proper permission of the landowner. This
- 17 subsection does not authorize the erection or fishing of a dip net
- 18 on the land or premises of another person without proper permission
- 19 from the landowner.
- 20 (7) A setover net not exceeding 5 feet in diameter may be used
- 21 from March 15 to May 15 for the purpose of taking suckers from an
- 22 inland lake designated by the department.
- 23 (8) A trammel net not exceeding 12 feet in length may be used
- 24 from April 1 to May 31 for taking carp, suckers, redhorse, mullet,
- 25 dogfish, and other nongame fish in the Tittabawassee river and its
- 26 tributaries down from the dam at Sanford, down from the dam at St.
- 27 Louis, and down from the dam at Mt. Pleasant, and in the Shiawassee

- 1 river and its tributaries down from the dam at Chesaning in Saginaw
- 2 county. A person shall not take more than 100 of these fish in 1
- 3 day.
- 4 (9) A spear or bow and arrow may be used during the daytime
- 5 and with a light at night from May 15 to June 24 for the taking of
- 6 carp and suckers in the Tittabawassee river and its tributaries,
- 7 and in the Tobacco river and its tributaries, not previously
- 8 designated by the department as a trout stream in Gladwin and
- 9 Midland counties.
- 10 (9) (10) A hoop net may be used between the dates of December
- 11 15 and February 28 in the river or stream or portion of a river or
- 12 stream designated by the department for the taking of burbot
- 13 (lawyers).
- 14 Enacting section 1. Section 48726 of natural resources and
- 15 environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.48726, is
- 16 repealed.