## SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4905

## A bill to amend 1982 PA 239, entitled

"An act to license and regulate animal food manufacturing plants, transfer stations, dead animal dealers, rendering plants, and certain vehicles; to regulate the disposal of dead animals and to provide for poultry and livestock composting; to prescribe powers and duties of certain state departments; to impose fees; to provide for remedies and to prescribe penalties; and to repeal acts and parts of acts,"

by amending sections 3 and 15 (MCL 287.653 and 287.665), as amended by 2005 PA 66.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 3. (1) "Active composting" means the accelerated
- 2 decomposition of organic materials leading primarily to the
- 3 production of carbon dioxide, water, heat, and compost.
- 4 (2) "Aeration" or "aerate" means the introduction of air into
- 5 compost by using porous bulking agents, agitating, turning, mixing,

- 1 forcing air through open ended perforated pipes embedded in
- 2 compost, or other method provided for by rule.
- 3 (3) "ANAEROBIC DIGESTER" MEANS A SYSTEM DESIGNED TO FACILITATE
- 4 THE PRODUCTION OF METHANE FROM ANAEROBIC MICROBIAL DIGESTION OF
- 5 ANIMAL OR FOOD WASTE, INCLUDING DEAD ANIMALS.
- 6 (4) (3)—"Animal" means mollusks, crustaceans, and vertebrates
- 7 other than human beings.
- 8 (5) (4) "Animal food manufacturing plant" means an
- 9 establishment at which animal or pet food is produced through the
- 10 slaughtering, boning, grinding, cooking, canning, or freezing of
- 11 dead animals.
- 12 (6) (5) "Batch" means compost accumulated in a planned period
- 13 of time.
- 14 (7) (6) "Biofilter cap" means a layer of fresh bulking agent
- 15 placed over a pile.
- 16 (8) (7) "Bulking agent" means a material added to compost to
- 17 provide nutrients, decrease bulk density, promote aeration, and
- 18 remove heat.
- 19 (9) (8)—"Compost leachate" means any liquid leaving compost by
- 20 running off of the surface of the pile or flowing downward through
- 21 the pores of the pile.
- 22 (10) (9) "Composting structure" means a structure designed and
- 23 built for the sole purpose of composting organic material and dead
- 24 animals.
- 25 (11) <del>(10)</del> "Curing" means the period of time after active
- 26 composting when further decomposition occurs at a slow rate.
- 27 (12) <del>(11)</del> "Dead animals" means restaurant grease and the

- 1 bodies, any part of the bodies, or any material produced from the
- 2 bodies of animals that have been slaughtered or have died from any
- 3 other cause and are not intended for human food. Dead animals do
- 4 not include a finished product that has been processed by an
- 5 approved method.
- 6 (13) (12) "Dead animal dealer" means a person that procures
- 7 and transports dead animals to or from a facility licensed under
- 8 this act.
- 9 (14) (13) "Decharacterize" means a procedure that renders dead
- 10 animals unfit for human consumption.
- 11 (15) (14)—"Denature" means a procedure that imparts a
- 12 distinctive color, odor, or taste to dead animals so that the
- 13 bodies are unfit for human consumption or cannot be used for animal
- 14 or pet food unless properly rendered.
- 15 (16) (15) "Department" means the department of agriculture.
- 16 (17) (16) "Director" means the director of the department of
- 17 agriculture or his or her authorized representative.
- 18 (18) <del>(17)</del> "Effluent" means any liquid leaving compost by
- 19 running off the surface of the pile and flowing downward through
- 20 the pores of the pile.
- 21 (19) (18)—"Facility" means any of the following:
- 22 (a) An animal food manufacturing plant.
- (b) A rendering plant.
- 24 (c) A transfer station.
- 25 (20) (19) "Fresh" means bulking agents of plant origin that
- 26 have not been mixed with any animal tissue, product, or excrement
- 27 and have limited odor-producing potential.

- 1 Sec. 15. The department shall promulgate rules pursuant to the
- 2 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- 3 24.328, regarding the following:
- 4 (a) The construction and operation of a facility licensed
- 5 under this act.
- 6 (b) Vehicles used for the transportation of dead animals.
- 7 (c) Methodology for active composting to include, but not be
- 8 limited to, methodology regarding passively aerated static piles,
- 9 mechanically or forced aerated static piles, windrow piles, and
- 10 contained or in-vessel systems.
- 11 (d) Conditions for active composting to include, but not be
- 12 limited to, recommended conditions regarding moisture content,
- 13 carbon-to-nitrogen ratio, bulking agent particle size, animal
- 14 tissue density, composting density, temperature ranges, and pH
- 15 ranges.
- 16 (e) Parameters regarding grinding, including, but not limited
- 17 to, pile form and shape, pile slumping, and the presence of large
- 18 intact bones after composting.
- 19 (f) Methods for effluent containment and prevention of its
- 20 movement into groundwater and surface water.
- 21 (g) The accommodation of normal natural daily mortality and
- 22 system capacity for accommodation of both active composting and
- 23 curing.
- 24 (h) Control of odor and pest or vermin infestation of piles
- 25 with biofilter caps or as otherwise provided by rule.
- (i) The generation of adequate records involving composting.
- 27 (j) A system of annual nutrient-content analysis.

- (k) The final disposition of finished compost. 1
- (1) METHODOLOGY FOR THE ANAEROBIC DIGESTION OF ORGANIC 2
- 3 MATERIALS.