## SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4072

A bill to amend 1893 PA 206, entitled "The general property tax act,"

by amending section 34c (MCL 211.34c), as amended by 2002 PA 620.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 34c. (1) Not later than the first Monday in March in each
- 2 year, the assessor shall classify every item of assessable property
- 3 according to the definitions contained in this section. Following
- 4 the March board of review, the assessor shall tabulate the total
- 5 number of items and the valuations as approved by the board of
- 6 review for each classification and for the totals of real and
- 7 personal property in the local tax collecting unit. The assessor
- 8 shall transmit to the county equalization department and to the
- 9 state tax commission the tabulation of assessed valuations and

- 1 other statistical information the state tax commission considers
- 2 necessary to meet the requirements of this act and 1911 PA 44, MCL
- 3 209.1 to 209.8.
- 4 (2) The classifications of assessable real property are
- 5 described as follows:
- 6 (a) Agricultural real property includes parcels used partially
- 7 or wholly for agricultural operations, with or without buildings,
- 8 and parcels assessed to the department of natural resources and
- 9 valued by the state tax commission. For taxes levied after December
- 10 31, 2002, agricultural real property includes buildings on leased
- 11 land used for agricultural operations. As used in this subdivision,
- "agricultural operations" means the following:
- 13 (i) Farming in all its branches, including cultivating soil.
- 14 (ii) Growing and harvesting any agricultural, horticultural, or
- 15 floricultural commodity.
- 16 (iii) Dairying.
- 17 (iv) Raising livestock, bees, fish, fur-bearing animals, or
- 18 poultry, including operating a game bird hunting preserve licensed
- 19 UNDER PART 417 OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL
- 20 PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.41701 TO 324.41712, AND ALSO
- 21 INCLUDING FARMING OPERATIONS THAT HARVEST CERVIDAE ON SITE WHERE
- 22 NOT LESS THAN 60% OF THE CERVIDAE WERE BORN AS PART OF THE FARMING
- 23 OPERATION. AS USED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, "LIVESTOCK" INCLUDES, BUT
- 24 IS NOT LIMITED TO, CATTLE, SHEEP, NEW WORLD CAMELIDS, GOATS, BISON,
- 25 PRIVATELY OWNED CERVIDS, RATITES, SWINE, EQUINE, POULTRY,
- 26 AQUACULTURE, AND RABBITS. LIVESTOCK DOES NOT INCLUDE DOGS AND CATS.
- 27 (v) RAISING, BREEDING, TRAINING, LEASING, OR BOARDING HORSES.

- 1 (vi)  $\frac{(v)}{(v)}$  Turf and tree farming.
- 2 (vii) -(vi) Performing any practices on a farm incident to, or
- 3 in conjunction with, farming operations. A commercial storage,
- 4 processing, distribution, marketing, or shipping operation is not
- 5 part of agricultural operations.
- 6 (b) Commercial real property includes the following:
- 7 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels used for commercial purposes,
- 8 whether wholesale, retail, or service, with or without buildings.
- 9 (ii) Parcels used by fraternal societies.
- 10 (iii) Parcels used as golf courses, boat clubs, ski areas, or
- 11 apartment buildings with more than 4 units.
- 12 (iv) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, buildings on
- 13 leased land used for commercial purposes.
- 14 (c) Developmental real property includes parcels containing
- 15 more than 5 acres without buildings, or more than 15 acres with a
- 16 market value in excess of its value in use. Developmental real
- 17 property may include farm land or open space land adjacent to a
- 18 population center, or farm land subject to several competing
- 19 valuation influences.
- 20 (d) Industrial real property includes the following:
- 21 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels used for manufacturing and
- 22 processing purposes, with or without buildings.
- 23 (ii) Parcels used for utilities sites for generating plants,
- 24 pumping stations, switches, substations, compressing stations,
- 25 warehouses, rights-of-way, flowage land, and storage areas.
- 26 (iii) Parcels used for removal or processing of gravel, stone,
- 27 or mineral ores, whether valued by the local assessor or by the

- 1 state geologist.
- 2 (iv) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, buildings on
- 3 leased land used for industrial purposes.
- 4 (v) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, buildings on
- 5 leased land for utility purposes.
- 6 (e) Residential real property includes the following:
- 7 (i) Platted or unplatted parcels, with or without buildings,
- 8 and condominium apartments located within or outside a village or
- 9 city, which are used for, or probably will be used for, residential
- 10 purposes.
- 11 (ii) Parcels that are used for, or probably will be used for,
- 12 recreational purposes, such as lake lots and hunting lands, located
- in an area used predominantly for recreational purposes.
- 14 (iii) For taxes levied after December 31, 2002, a home, cottage,
- 15 or cabin on leased land, and a mobile home that would be assessable
- 16 as real property under section 2a except that the land on which it
- 17 is located is not assessable because the land is exempt.
- (f) Timber-cutover real property includes parcels that are
- 19 stocked with forest products of merchantable type and size, cutover
- 20 forest land with little or no merchantable products, and marsh
- 21 lands or other barren land. However, when a typical purchase of
- 22 this type of land is for residential or recreational uses, the
- 23 classification shall be changed to residential.
- 24 (3) The classifications of assessable personal property are
- 25 described as follows:
- (a) Agricultural personal property includes any agricultural
- 27 equipment and produce not exempt by law.

- 1 (b) Commercial personal property includes the following:
- 2 (i) All equipment, furniture, and fixtures on commercial
- 3 parcels, and inventories not exempt by law.
- 4 (ii) All outdoor advertising signs and billboards.
- 5 (iii) Well drilling rigs and other equipment attached to a
- 6 transporting vehicle but not designed for operation while the
- 7 vehicle is moving on the highway.
- 8 (iv) Unlicensed commercial vehicles or commercial vehicles
- 9 licensed as special mobile equipment or by temporary permits.
- 10 (c) Industrial personal property includes the following:
- 11 (i) All machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and
- 12 dies on industrial parcels, and inventories not exempt by law.
- 13 (ii) Personal property of mining companies valued by the state
- 14 geologist.
- 15 (d) For taxes levied before January 1, 2003, residential
- 16 personal property includes a home, cottage, or cabin on leased
- 17 land, and a mobile home that would be assessable as real property
- 18 under section 2a except that the land on which it is located is not
- 19 assessable because the land is exempt.
- (e) Utility personal property includes the following:
- 21 (i) Electric transmission and distribution systems, substation
- 22 equipment, spare parts, gas distribution systems, and water
- 23 transmission and distribution systems.
- 24 (ii) Oil wells and allied equipment such as tanks, gathering
- 25 lines, field pump units, and buildings.
- 26 (iii) Inventories not exempt by law.
- 27 (iv) Gas wells with allied equipment and gathering lines.

- $\mathbf{1}$  (v) Oil or gas field equipment stored in the open or in
- 2 warehouses such as drilling rigs, motors, pipes, and parts.
- 3 (vi) Gas storage equipment.
- $\mathbf{4}$  (vii) Transmission lines of gas or oil transporting companies.
- 5 (4) For taxes levied before January 1, 2003, buildings on
- 6 leased land of any classification are improvements where the owner
- 7 of the improvement is not the owner of the land or fee, the value
- 8 of the land is not assessed to the owner of the building, and the
- 9 improvement has been assessed as personal property pursuant to
- **10** section 14(6).
- 11 (5) If the total usage of a parcel includes more than 1
- 12 classification, the assessor shall determine the classification
- 13 that most significantly influences the total valuation of the
- 14 parcel.
- 15 (6) An owner of any assessable property who disputes the
- 16 classification of that parcel shall notify the assessor and may
- 17 protest the assigned classification to the March board of review.
- 18 An owner or assessor may appeal the decision of the March board of
- 19 review by filing a petition with the state tax commission not later
- 20 than June 30 in that tax year. The state tax commission shall
- 21 arbitrate the petition based on the written petition and the
- 22 written recommendations of the assessor and the state tax
- 23 commission staff. An appeal may not be taken from the decision of
- 24 the state tax commission regarding classification complaint
- 25 petitions and the state tax commission's determination is final and
- 26 binding for the year of the petition.
- **27** (7) The department of treasury may appeal the classification

- 1 of any assessable property to the residential and small claims
- 2 division of the Michigan tax tribunal not later than December 31 in
- 3 the tax year for which the classification is appealed.
- 4 (8) This section shall not be construed to encourage the
- 5 assessment of property at other than the uniform percentage of true
- 6 cash value prescribed by this act.