SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5696

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 320a, 707b, 707c, 707d, 732, and 907 (MCL 257.320a, 257.707b, 257.707c, 257.707d, 257.732, and 257.907), section 320a as amended by 2023 PA 39, section 707c as amended by 2020 PA 382, section 732 as amended by 2023 PA 40, and section 907 as amended by 2024 PA 22.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 320a. (1) Within 5 days after receipt of a properly prepared abstract from a court of this state or another state, the secretary of state shall record the date of conviction, civil infraction determination, or probate court disposition, and the number of points for each, based on the following formula, except



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1	as otherwise provided in this section and section 629c:		
2	(a) Manslaughter, negligent homicide, or a felony		
3	resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle, ORV, or		
4	snowmobile	6	points
5	(b) A violation of section $601b(2)$ or (3) , $601c(1)$ or		
6	(2), or 653a(3) or (4) or, beginning October 31, 2010, a		
7	violation of section 601d	6	points
8	(c) A violation of section 625(1), (4), (5), (7), or		
9	(8), section 81134 or 82127(1) of the natural resources		
10	and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL		
11	324.81134 and 324.82127, or a law or ordinance		
12	substantially corresponding to section 625(1), (4), (5),		
13	(7), or (8), or section 81134 or 82127(1) of the natural		
14	resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451,		
15	MCL 324.81134 and 324.82127	6	points
16	(d) Failing to stop and disclose identity at the		
17	scene of an accident when required by law	6	points
18	(e) Operating a motor vehicle in violation of section		
19	626	6	points
20	(f) Fleeing or eluding an officer	6	points
21	(g) A violation of section 627(6) pertaining to speed		
22	in a work zone described in that section by exceeding the		
23	lawful maximum by more than 15 miles per		
24	hour	5	points
25	(h) A violation of any law or ordinance pertaining to		
26	speed by exceeding the lawful maximum by more than 15		
27	miles now hour	1	nointa

1	(i) A violation of section 625(3) or (6), section		
2	82127(3) of the natural resources and environmental		
3	protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.82127, or a law or		
4	ordinance substantially corresponding to section 625(3) or		
5	(6) or section 82127(3) of the natural resources and		
6	environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL		
7	324.82127	4	points
8	(j) A violation of section 626a or a law or ordinance		
9	substantially corresponding to section 626a	4	points
10	(k) A violation of section 627(6) pertaining to speed		
11	in a work zone described in that section by exceeding the		
12	lawful maximum by more than 10 but not more than 15 miles		
13	per hour	4	points
14	(\it{l}) Beginning October 31, 2010, a moving violation		
15	resulting in an at-fault collision with another vehicle,		
16	an individual, or any other object	4	points
17	(m) Careless driving in violation of section 626b or		
18	a law or ordinance substantially corresponding to section		
19	626b	3	points
20	(n) A violation of any law or ordinance pertaining to		
21	speed by exceeding the lawful maximum by more than 10		
22	miles per hour but not more than 15 miles per hour	3	points
23	(o) A violation of section 653a(2)	2	points
24	(p) A violation of any law or ordinance pertaining to		
25	speed by exceeding the lawful maximum by more than 5 miles		
26	per hour but not more than 10 miles per hour	2	points
27	(q) A violation of any law or ordinance pertaining to		
28	speed by exceeding the lawful maximum by more than 1 mile		
29	per hour but not more than 5 miles per hour	1	point

1	(r) Disobeying a traffic signal or stop sign, or
2	improper passing
3	(s) A violation of section 624a, 624b, or a law or
4	ordinance substantially corresponding to section 624a or
5	624b
6	(t) A violation of section 310e(4) or (6) or a law or
7	ordinance substantially corresponding to section 310e(4)
8	or (6)
9	(u) All other moving violations pertaining to the
10	operation of motor vehicles reported under this
11	section
12	(v) A refusal by an individual less than 21 years of
13	age to submit to a preliminary breath test required by a
14	peace officer under section 625a 2 points
15	(w) A violation of section 627(6) pertaining to speed
16	in a work zone described in that section by exceeding the
17	lawful maximum by 10 miles per hour or
18	less 3 points
19	(x) A third or subsequent violation of section
20	602b
21	(y) A second violation of section
22	602b 1 point
23	(2) Points must not be entered for a violation of section
24	310e(14), 311, 602c, 625m, 658, 707c , 710d, 717, 719, 719a, or 723.
25	(3) Points must not be entered for bond forfeitures.
26	(4) Points must not be entered for overweight loads or for
27	defective equipment.
28	(5) If more than 1 conviction, civil infraction determination,
29	or probate court disposition results from the same incident, points

must be entered only for the violation that receives the highest number of points under this section.

- (6) If an individual has accumulated 9 points as provided in this section, the secretary of state may call the individual in for an interview as to the individual's driving ability and record after due notice as to time and place of the interview. If the individual fails to appear as provided in this subsection, the secretary of state shall add 3 points to the individual's record.
- (7) If an individual violates a speed restriction established by an executive order issued during a state of energy emergency as provided by 1982 PA 191, MCL 10.81 to 10.89, the secretary of state shall enter points for the violation under subsection (1).
- (8) The secretary of state shall enter 6 points upon the record of an individual whose license is suspended or denied under section 625f. However, if a conviction, civil infraction determination, or probate court disposition results from the same incident, additional points for that offense must not be entered.
- (9) If a Michigan driver commits a violation in another state that would be a civil infraction if committed in this state, and a conviction results solely because of the failure of the Michigan driver to appear in that state to contest the violation, upon receipt of the abstract of conviction by the secretary of state, the violation must be noted on the Michigan driver's record, but points must not be assessed against the Michigan driver license.

Sec. 707b. (1) A motor vehicle, while being operated on a highway or street, shall must be equipped with an exhaust system in good working order to prevent excessive or unusual noise. and shall be equipped to prevent noise in excess of the limits established in this act.

	(2)	For p	purpo	ses	of s	sections	707a	to	707f,	a	motor	vehicl	е
does	not	inclu	ıde a	spe	ecial	mobile	equip	mer	nt.				

- Sec. 707c. (1) A motor vehicle must not be operated or driven on a highway or street if the motor vehicle produces total noise exceeding 1 of the following limits at a distance of 50 feet except as provided in subdivisions (b) (iii) and (c) (iii):
- (a) A motor vehicle with a gross weight or gross vehicle weight rating of 8,500 pounds or more, combination vehicle with gross weight or gross vehicle weight ratings of 8,500 pounds or more: $\overline{}$
- (i) Ninety DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highway orstreet is greater than 35 miles per hour.
 - (ii) Eighty-six DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highway or street is not more than 35 miles per hour.
 - (iii) Eighty-eight DBA under stationary run-up test.
- 16 (b) A motorcycle or a moped:
- 17 (i) Eighty-six DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highway
 18 or street is greater than 35 miles per hour.
- 19 (ii) Eighty-two DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highway or street is not more than 35 miles per hour.
 - (iii) Ninety-five DBA under stationary run-up test at 75 inches.
 - (c) A motor vehicle or a combination of vehicles towed by a motor vehicle not covered in subdivision (a) or (b):
- (i) Eighty-two DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highwayor street is greater than 35 miles per hour.
- 26 (ii) Seventy-six DBA if the maximum lawful speed on the highway or street is not more than 35 miles per hour.
- 28 (iii) Ninety-five DBA under stationary run-up test 20 inches 29 from the end of the tailpipe.

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- (2) A dealer shall not sell or offer for sale for use upon a street or highway in this state a new motor vehicle that produces a maximum noise exceeding the following limits:
- (a) A motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 8,500 pounds or more-83 DBA.
 - (b) A motorcycle or a moped-83 DBA.
- (c) A motor vehicle not covered in subdivision (a) or (b)-808 DBA.
 - (3) A person shall not operate a vehicle on a highway or street if the vehicle has a defect in the exhaust system that affects sound reduction, is not equipped with a muffler or other noise dissipative device. , or
 - (4) A person shall not operate a vehicle on a highway or street if the vehicle's exhaust system is equipped with a cutout, bypass, amplifier, or a similar device.
 - (5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ A person, either acting for himself or herself or as the agent or employee of another, shall not sell, install, or replace a muffler or exhaust part that causes the motor vehicle to which the muffler or exhaust part is attached to exceed the noise limits established by this act or a rule promulgated under this act.
 - (5) A person shall not modify, repair, replace, or remove a part of an exhaust system causing the motor vehicle to which the system is attached to produce noise in excess of the levels established by this act, or operate a motor vehicle so altered on a street or highway.
- 27 (6) A dealer shall not sell a used or secondhand motor vehicle for use upon on a street or highway that is not in compliance with 28 29 this act.

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- (7) A person who violates this section is responsible for a civil infraction and shall be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than \$100.00.
- Sec. 707d. (1) Except as provided under subsection (7), a person who violates section 707b or 707c(1) or (3) is responsible for a civil infraction.
- (2) A person who violates section 707c(2), $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$, (5), or (6) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ follows:
 - (a) For a first violation, \$500.00.
 - (b) For a second or subsequent violation, \$1,000.00.
- (3) (2) A person who violates section 707b or 707c(1), (3), or (5) -707c(4) is responsible for a civil infraction as follows:
- (a) Except as provided under subsection (7), for a first violation, the individual is responsible for a civil infraction and must be ordered to pay a civil fine of \$500.00.
- (b) Except as provided under subsection (7), for a second violation, the individual is responsible for a civil infraction and must be ordered to pay a civil fine of \$1,000.00.
- (c) For a third or subsequent violation, the individual is responsible for a civil infraction and must be ordered to pay a civil fine of \$1,000.00.
- (4) (3)—A person who, at the time of installation, knowingly installs a muffler or exhaust system which exceeds the decibel limits of this act shall be is liable to the person who receives a citation for violation of 707c for the amount of not less than \$100.00, plus reasonable attorney fees and court costs.
- (5) (4)—If it is shown that the noise level of a motor vehicle is in excess of the DBA levels established in this act, that evidence shall be is prima facie evidence that the motor vehicle

was producing excessive noise in violation of this act.

- (6) (5)—A violation of section 707c(4)—707c(5) or (6) by a dealer licensed under this act is prima facie evidence of a fraudulent act under section 249.
- (7) If, before the appearance date on a citation issued under section 707b or 707c(1), (3), or (4), the defendant submits sufficient proof to the court that the motor vehicle is no longer in violation of the respective section, 1 of the following applies, as applicable:
- (a) For a violation of section 707b or 707c(1) or (3), or a first violation of section 707c(4), the court shall not assess a fine or costs.
- 13 (b) For a second violation of section 707c(4), the court shall not assess \$500.00 of the fine.
 - Sec. 732. (1) Each municipal judge and each clerk of a court of record shall keep a full record of every case in which an individual is charged with or cited for a violation of this act or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to this act regulating the operation of vehicles on highways and with those offenses pertaining to the operation of ORVs or snowmobiles for which points are assessed under section 320a(1)(c) or (i). Except as provided in subsection (16), the municipal judge or clerk of the court of record shall prepare and forward to the secretary of state an abstract of the court record as follows:
 - (a) Not more than 5 days after a conviction, forfeiture of bail, or entry of a civil infraction determination or default judgment upon a charge of or citation for violating or attempting to violate this act or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to this act regulating the operation of vehicles on

1 highways.

- 2 (b) Immediately for each case charging a violation of section 3 625(1), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8) or section 625m or a local 4 ordinance substantially corresponding to section 625(1), (3), (6), or (8) or section 625m in which the charge is dismissed or the defendant is acquitted.
 - (c) Immediately for each case charging a violation of section 82127(1) or (3) or 81134 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.82127 and 324.81134, or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to those sections.
 - (2) If a city or village department, bureau, or person is authorized to accept a payment of money as a settlement for a violation of a local ordinance substantially corresponding to this act, the city or village department, bureau, or person shall send a full report of each case in which an individual pays any amount of money to the city or village department, bureau, or person to the secretary of state upon a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
 - (3) The abstract or report required under this section must be made upon a form furnished by the secretary of state. An abstract must be certified by signature, stamp, or facsimile signature of the individual required to prepare the abstract as correct. An abstract or report must include all of the following:
 - (a) The name, address, and date of birth of the individual charged or cited.
- (b) The number of the individual's operator's or chauffeur'slicense, if any.
 - (c) The date and nature of the violation.
- 29 (d) The type of vehicle driven at the time of the violation

- and, if the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle, that vehicle'sgroup designation.
 - (e) The date of the conviction, finding, forfeiture, judgment, or civil infraction determination.
 - (f) Whether bail was forfeited.
 - (g) Any license restriction, suspension, or denial ordered by the court as provided by law.
 - (h) The vehicle identification number and registration plate number of all vehicles that are ordered immobilized or forfeited.
 - (i) Other information considered necessary to the secretary of state.
 - (4) The clerk of the court also shall forward an abstract of the court record to the secretary of state upon an individual's conviction or, for the purposes of subdivision (d), a finding or admission of responsibility, involving any of the following:
- 16 (a) A violation of section 413, 414, or 479a of the Michigan17 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.413, 750.414, and 750.479a.
 - (b) A violation of section 1 of former 1931 PA 214.
 - (c) Negligent homicide, manslaughter, or murder resulting from the operation of a vehicle.
 - (d) A violation of sections 701(1) and 703 of the Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1701 and 436.1703, or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to those sections.
- (e) A violation of section 411a(2) of the Michigan penal code,1931 PA 328, MCL 750.411a.
- 26 (f) A violation of motor carrier safety regulations 49 CFR 27 392.10 or 392.11 as adopted by section 1a of the motor carrier 28 safety act of 1963, 1963 PA 181, MCL 480.11a.
- 29 (g) A violation of section 57 of the pupil transportation act,

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- 1 1990 PA 187, MCL 257.1857.
- 2 (h) An attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a
- 3 violation of part 74 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
- 4 333.7401 to 333.7461, or a local ordinance that prohibits conduct
- 5 prohibited under part 74 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368,
- 6 MCL 333.7401 to 333.7461, unless the convicted individual is
- 7 sentenced to life imprisonment or a minimum term of imprisonment
- 8 that exceeds 1 year for the offense.
- 9 (i) An attempt to commit an offense described in subdivisions
- **10** (a) to (g).
- 11 (j) A violation of chapter LXXXIII-A of the Michigan penal
- 12 code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.543a to 750.543z.
- 13 (k) A violation of section 3101, 3102(1), or 3103 of the
- 14 insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101, 500.3102, and
- **15** 500.3103.
- 16 (l) A violation listed as a disqualifying offense under 49 CFR
- **17** 383.51.
- 18 (m) A violation of section 707c(4).
- 19 (5) The clerk of the court shall also forward an abstract of
- 20 the court record to the secretary of state if an individual has
- 21 pled guilty to, or offered a plea of admission in a juvenile
- 22 proceeding for, a violation of section 703 of the Michigan liquor
- 23 control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, or a local
- 24 ordinance substantially corresponding to that section, and has had
- 25 further proceedings deferred under that section. If the individual
- 26 is sentenced to a term of probation and terms and conditions of
- 27 probation are fulfilled and the court discharges the individual and
- 28 dismisses the proceedings, the court shall also report the
- 29 dismissal to the secretary of state.

- (6) As used in subsections (7) to (9), "felony in which a motor vehicle was used" means a felony during the commission of which the individual operated a motor vehicle and while operating the vehicle presented real or potential harm to individuals or property and 1 or more of the following circumstances existed:
 - (a) The vehicle was used as an instrument of the felony.
 - (b) The vehicle was used to transport a victim of the felony.
 - (c) The vehicle was used to flee the scene of the felony.
- (d) The vehicle was necessary for the commission of the felony.
- (7) If an individual is charged with a felony in which a motor vehicle was used, other than a felony specified in subsection (4) or section 319, the prosecuting attorney shall include the following statement on the complaint and information filed in district or circuit court:

"You are charged with the commission of a felony in which a motor vehicle was used. If you are convicted and the judge finds that the conviction is for a felony in which a motor vehicle was used, as defined in section 319 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.319, your driver's license shall be suspended by the secretary of state.".

(8) If a juvenile is accused of an act, the nature of which constitutes a felony in which a motor vehicle was used, other than a felony specified in subsection (4) or section 319, the prosecuting attorney or family division of circuit court shall include the following statement on the petition filed in the court:

"You are accused of an act the nature of which constitutes a felony in which a motor vehicle was used. If the accusation is found to be true and the judge or referee finds that the nature of

- the act constitutes a felony in which a motor vehicle was used, as defined in section 319 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.319, your driver's license shall be suspended by the secretary of state.".
 - (9) If the court determines as part of the sentence or disposition that the felony for which the individual was convicted or adjudicated and with respect to which notice was given under subsection (7) or (8) is a felony in which a motor vehicle was used, the clerk of the court shall forward an abstract of the court record of that conviction to the secretary of state.
 - (10) As used in subsections (11) and (12), "felony in which a commercial motor vehicle was used" means a felony during the commission of which the individual operated a commercial motor vehicle and while the individual was operating the vehicle 1 or more of the following circumstances existed:
 - (a) The vehicle was used as an instrument of the felony.
 - (b) The vehicle was used to transport a victim of the felony.
 - (c) The vehicle was used to flee the scene of the felony.
 - (d) The vehicle was necessary for the commission of the felony.
 - (11) If an individual is charged with a felony in which a commercial motor vehicle was used and for which a vehicle group designation on a license is subject to suspension or revocation under section 319b(1)(c)(iii), 319b(1)(d), 319b(1)(e)(iii), or 319b(1)(f)(i), the prosecuting attorney shall include the following statement on the complaint and information filed in district or circuit court:
 - "You are charged with the commission of a felony in which a commercial motor vehicle was used. If you are convicted and the

- judge finds that the conviction is for a felony in which a commercial motor vehicle was used, as defined in section 319b of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.319b, all vehicle group designations on your driver's license shall be suspended or revoked by the secretary of state.".
- (12) If the judge determines as part of the sentence that the felony for which the defendant was convicted and with respect to which notice was given under subsection (11) is a felony in which a commercial motor vehicle was used, the clerk of the court shall forward an abstract of the court record of that conviction to the secretary of state.
- (13) Every individual required to forward abstracts to the secretary of state under this section shall certify for the period from January 1 through June 30 and for the period from July 1 through December 31 that all abstracts required to be forwarded during the period have been forwarded. The certification must be filed with the secretary of state not later than 28 days after the end of the period covered by the certification. The certification must be made upon a form furnished by the secretary of state and must include all of the following:
- (a) The name and title of the individual required to forward abstracts.
 - (b) The court for which the certification is filed.
 - (c) The time period covered by the certification.
 - (d) The following statement:
- "I certify that all abstracts required by section 732 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.732, for the period through have been forwarded to the secretary of state.".



- (e) Other information the secretary of state considers necessary.
- (f) The signature of the individual required to forward abstracts.
- (14) The failure, refusal, or neglect of an individual to comply with this section constitutes misconduct in office and is grounds for removal from office.
- (15) Except as provided in subsection (16), the secretary of state shall keep all abstracts received under this section at the secretary of state's main office and the abstracts must be open for public inspection during the office's usual business hours. Each abstract must be entered upon the master driving record of the individual to whom it pertains.
- (16) Except for controlled substance offenses and the exhaust system violation described in subsection (4), the court shall not submit, and the secretary of state shall discard and not enter on the master driving record, an abstract for a conviction or civil infraction determination for any of the following violations:
 - (a) The parking or standing of a vehicle.
- (b) A nonmoving violation that is not the basis for the secretary of state's suspension, revocation, or denial of an operator's or chauffeur's license.
- (c) A violation of chapter II that is not the basis for the secretary of state's suspension, revocation, or denial of an operator's or chauffeur's license.
- (d) A pedestrian, passenger, or bicycle violation, other than a violation of section 703(1) or (2) of the Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 703(1) or (2) of the

- Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1703, or section 624a or 624b or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 624a or 624b.
 - (e) A violation of section 710e or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 710e.
 - (f) A violation of section 328(1) if, before the appearance date on the citation, the individual submits proof to the court that the motor vehicle had insurance meeting the requirements of sections 3101 and 3102 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3101 and 500.3102, at the time the citation was issued. Insurance obtained subsequent to the time of the violation does not make the violation an exception under this subsection.
 - (g) A violation described in section 319b(10) (b) (vii) if, before the court appearance date or date fines are to be paid, the individual submits proof to the court that the individual held a valid commercial driver license on the date the citation was issued.
 - (h) A violation of section 311 if the individual was driving a noncommercial vehicle and, before the court appearance date or the date fines are to be paid, the individual submits proof to the court that the individual held a valid driver license on the date the citation was issued.
 - (17) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the secretary of state shall discard and not enter on the master driving record an abstract for a bond forfeiture that occurred outside this state. The secretary of state shall enter on the master driving record an abstract for a conviction as defined in section 8a(b) that occurred outside this state in connection with the operation of a commercial motor vehicle or for a conviction of

an individual licensed as a commercial motor vehicle driver.

- (18) The secretary of state shall inform the courts of this state of the nonmoving violations and violations of chapter II that are used by the secretary of state as the basis for the suspension, restriction, revocation, or denial of an operator's or chauffeur's license.
- (19) If a conviction or civil infraction determination is reversed upon appeal, the individual whose conviction or determination has been reversed may serve on the secretary of state a certified copy of the order of reversal. The secretary of state shall enter the order in the proper book or index in connection with the record of the conviction or civil infraction determination.
- department, bureau, person, or court to modify the requirement as to the time and manner of reporting a conviction, civil infraction determination, or settlement to the secretary of state if the modification will increase the economy and efficiency of collecting and utilizing the records. If the permitted abstract of court record reporting a conviction, civil infraction determination, or settlement originates as a part of the written notice to appear, authorized in section 728(1) or 742(1), the form of the written notice and report must be as prescribed by the secretary of state.
- (21) Notwithstanding any other law of this state, a court shall not take under advisement an offense committed by an individual while operating a motor vehicle for which this act requires a conviction or civil infraction determination to be reported to the secretary of state. A conviction or civil infraction determination that is the subject of this subsection

must not be masked, delayed, diverted, suspended, or suppressed by a court. Upon a conviction or civil infraction determination, the conviction or civil infraction determination must immediately be reported to the secretary of state in accordance with this section.

- (22) Except as provided in this act and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a court shall not order expunction of any violation reportable to the secretary of state under this section.
- Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act, that is designated a civil infraction must not be considered a lesser included offense of a criminal offense.
- (2) Permission may be granted for payment of a civil fine and costs to be made within a specified period of time or in specified installments but, unless permission is included in the order or judgment, the civil fine and costs must be payable immediately. Except as otherwise provided, a person found responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction must pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and 1 or more of the following civil fines, as applicable:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided, for a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act, the person must be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than \$100.00.
- (b) If the civil infraction was a moving violation that resulted in an at-fault collision with another vehicle, an individual, or any other object, the civil fine ordered under this section is increased by \$25.00 but the total civil fine must not be more than \$100.00.
 - (c) For a violation of section 240, the civil fine ordered

1 under this section is \$15.00.

- (d) For a violation of section 312a(4)(a), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be more than \$250.00.
- (e) For a first violation of section 319f(1), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be less than \$2,500.00 or more than \$2,750.00; for a second or subsequent violation, the civil fine must not be less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$5,500.00.
- (f) For a violation of section 319g(1) (a), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be more than \$10,000.00.
- (g) For a violation of section 319g(1)(g), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be less than \$2,750.00 or more than \$25,000.00.
- (h) For a violation of section 602b, the civil fine ordered under this section must be as follows:
- 15 (i) For a violation of section 602b(1), either of the following:
 - (A) If the violation does not involve an accident, \$100.00 for a first offense and \$250.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (B) If the violation involves an accident, \$200.00 for a first offense and \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (ii) For a violation of section 602b(2), either of the following:
 - (A) If the violation does not involve an accident, \$200.00 for a first offense and \$500.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (B) If the violation involves an accident, \$400.00 for a first offense and \$1,000.00 for a second or subsequent offense.
 - (i) For a violation of section 674(1) (s) or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to section 674(1) (s), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be less than \$100.00 or more

1 than \$250.00.

- (j) For a violation of section 676a(3), the civil fine ordered under this section must not be more than \$10.00.
- (k) For a violation of section 676c, the civil fine ordered under this section is \$1,000.00.
- (l) For a violation of section 682 or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to section 682, the civil fine ordered under this section must not be less than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00.
- (m) Except as provided in section 707d(7), for a first violation of section 707c(4), the civil fine ordered under this section is \$500.00; for a second or subsequent violation, the civil fine ordered under this section is \$1,000.00.
- (n) $\frac{\text{(m)}}{\text{For a violation of section 710d, the civil fine}}$ ordered under this section must not be more than \$10.00, subject to subsection (11).
- (o) $\frac{\text{(n)}}{\text{For a violation of section 710e, the civil fine and court costs ordered under this subsection must be $25.00.$
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if an individual is determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act while driving a commercial motor vehicle, the individual must be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not more than \$250.00.
- (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3), the judge or district court magistrate shall summarily tax and determine the costs of the action, which are not limited to the costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, and may include all

- expenses, direct and indirect, to which the plaintiff has been put in connection with the civil infraction, up to the entry of judgment. Costs must not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A civil fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) must not be waived unless costs ordered under this subsection are waived. Except as otherwise provided by law, costs are payable to the general fund of the plaintiff.
 - (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4) and the justice system assessment ordered under subsection (12), the judge or district court magistrate may order the individual to attend and complete a program of treatment, education, or rehabilitation.
 - (6) A district court magistrate shall impose the sanctions permitted under subsections (2), (3), and (5) only to the extent expressly authorized by the chief judge or only judge of the district court district.
 - (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal court may establish a schedule of civil fines, costs, and assessments to be imposed for civil infractions that occur within the respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it must be prominently posted and readily available for public inspection. A schedule need not include all violations that are designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A schedule may exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior record of civil infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination of civil infractions and traffic offenses.
 - (8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This

recommendation is not binding on the courts that have jurisdiction over civil infractions but is intended to act as a normative guide for judges and district court magistrates and a basis for public evaluation of disparities in the imposition of civil fines and costs throughout this state.

- (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the court shall waive a civil fine, costs, and assessments on receipt of certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the citation.
- (10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or a justice system assessment ordered under subsection (12), or an installment of the fine, costs, or assessment, may be collected by a means authorized for the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098.
- may waive any civil fine, cost, or assessment against an individual who received a civil infraction citation for a violation of section 710d if the individual, before the appearance date on the citation, supplies the court with evidence of acquisition, purchase, or rental of a child seating system meeting the requirements of section 710d. Beginning on the effective date of 2024 PA 22, the court may waive any civil fine, cost, or assessment against an individual who received a civil infraction citation for a violation of section 710d if the individual, before the appearance date on

the citation, supplies the court with evidence of acquisition of a child seating system that meets the requirements of section 710d and evidence that the individual has received education from a certified child passenger safety technician.

- (12) In addition to any civil fines or costs ordered to be paid under this section, the judge or district court magistrate shall order the defendant to pay a justice system assessment of \$40.00 for each civil infraction determination, except for a parking violation or a violation for which the total fine and costs imposed are \$10.00 or less. On payment of the assessment, the clerk of the court shall transmit the assessment collected to the state treasury to be deposited into the justice system fund created in section 181 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.181. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a civil fine for purposes of section 909.
- (13) If a person has received a citation for a violation of section 223, the court shall waive any civil fine, costs, and assessment on receipt of certification by a law enforcement agency that the person, before the appearance date on the citation, produced a valid registration certificate that was valid on the date the violation of section 223 occurred.
- (14) If a person has received a citation for a violation of section 328(1) for failing to produce a certificate of insurance under section 328(2), the court may waive the fee described in section 328(3)(c) and shall waive any fine, costs, and any other fee or assessment otherwise authorized under this act on receipt of verification by the court that the person, before the appearance date on the citation, produced valid proof of insurance that was in effect when the violation of section 328(1) occurred. Insurance

obtained after the violation occurred does not make the person eligible for a waiver under this subsection.

- (15) If a person is determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to a provision of this act and the civil infraction arises out of the ownership or operation of a commercial quadricycle, the person must be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of not more than \$500.00.
- (16) As used in this section, "moving violation" means an act or omission prohibited under this act or a local ordinance that substantially corresponds to this act that involves the operation of a motor vehicle and for which a fine may be assessed.

Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days after the date it is enacted into law.