

Other Resources:

www.michigan.gov/asiancarp

www.miseagrant.umich.edu/ais

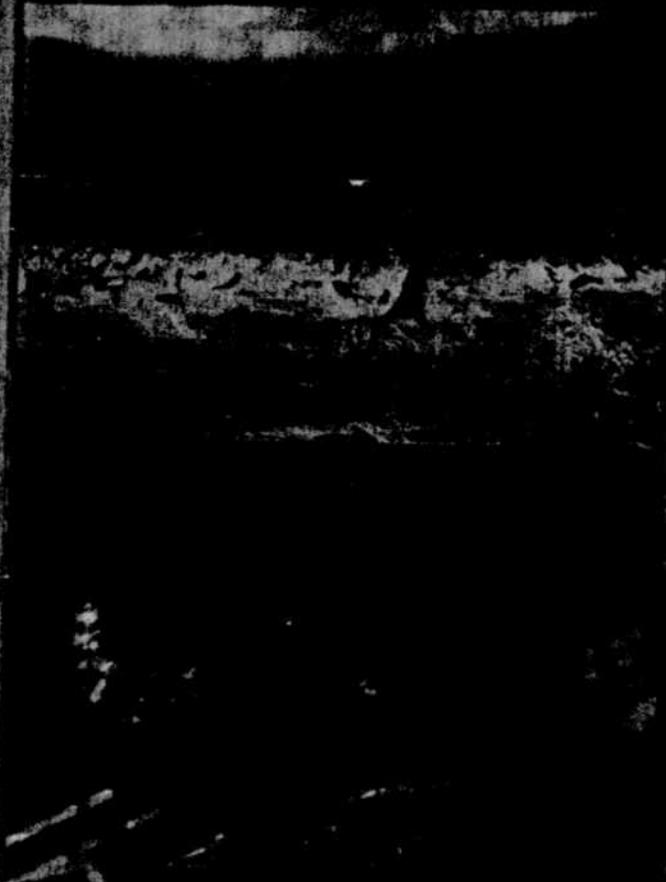
www.glfc.org

www.asiancarp.org

www.iisgcp.org/asiancarp

Asian Carp

Know the facts and learn how you can help



Recognize carp and protect our waters from them

www.michigan.gov/asiancarp

The Department of Natural Resources and Environment is committed to the conservation, protection, management, and accessible use and enjoyment of the state's environment, natural resources, and related economic interests for current and future generations.



How You Can Help: **Learn to Identify Asian Carp**

The bighead and silver carp present the most severe threat to Michigan waters.

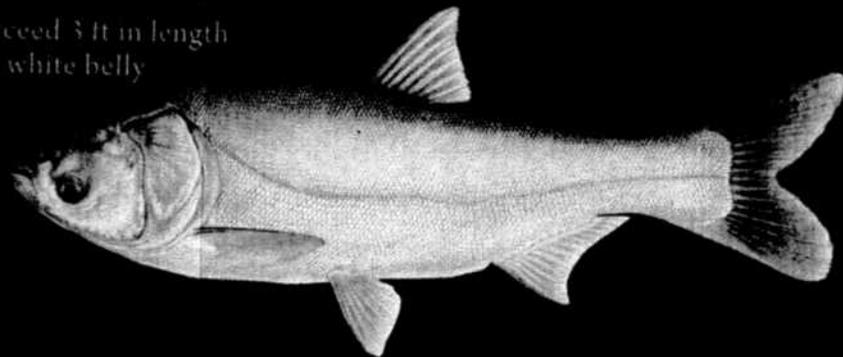
Bighead Carp:

- Can weigh up to 90 lbs and be nearly 5 ft in length
- Can consume up to 40% of their body weight daily
- Have a very large head and toothless mouth
- Adult fish are dark gray with dark blotches
- Eyes sit below the mouth



Silver Carp:

- Are smaller than the bighead
- Can weigh up to 60 lbs and exceed 3 ft in length
- Are light silver in color with a white belly
- Eyes sit below the mouth



Grass Carp:

- Can be more than 5 ft long and weigh more than 80 lbs.
- Have large scales that appear crosshatched
- Eyes sit even with the mouth



Adult Asian Carp illustrations by Joe Tomelleri.

How You Can Help: Report Asian Carp

If you believe you have seen or caught an Asian carp, or you have found one in your bait bucket, the DNR wants to hear from you. DO NOT release it! Please visit www.michigan.gov/asiancarp to fill out an online Asian carp reporting form, or call us at 517-373-1280. We'll want to know the details, such as where you caught it and when. You can play a role in helping us keep our waters great!

Asian Carp Create a Safety Hazard

Silver carp pose a hazard to boaters. The vibration caused by a boat propeller may make silver carp jump out of the water as high as five feet, potentially causing physical injury to people on the water.



What We're Doing:

The Michigan DNR has developed a comprehensive plan to prevent the introduction of Asian carp to Michigan waters.

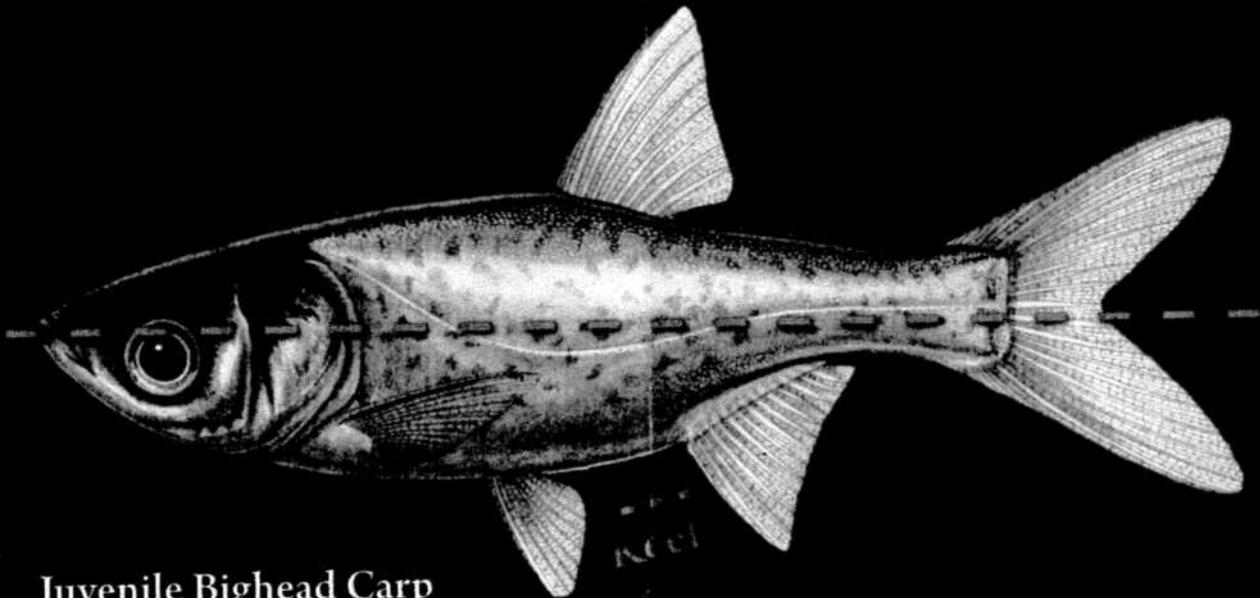
The plan addresses:

- Prevention
- Communication
- Detection
- Assessment
- Management

Michigan is networking with other agencies to address the Asian carp threat. Read the plan, stay informed and learn more at www.michigan.gov/asiancarp.

Asian carp photo provided by Jason Lindsey

Don't Confuse Young Asian Carp with these Juvenile Asian Carp



Juvenile Bighead Carp

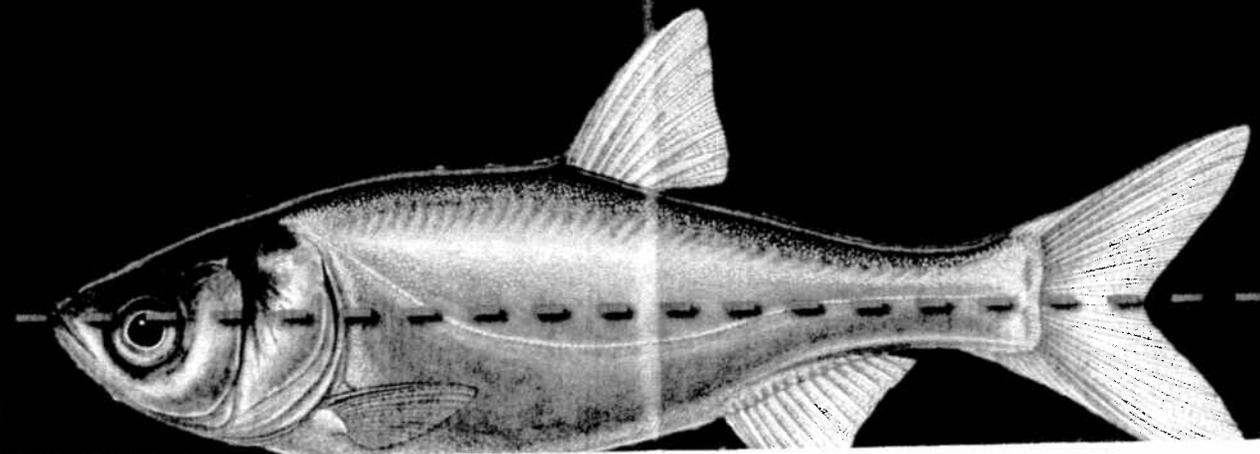
Color / Markings: Silvery, with mottled dark blotches (especially on back), upturned mouth

Length: 2 - 4 inches is common bait size

Keel: (Ridge on the underbelly) Prominent, extending from anal fin to pelvic fins (mid-body), no scales

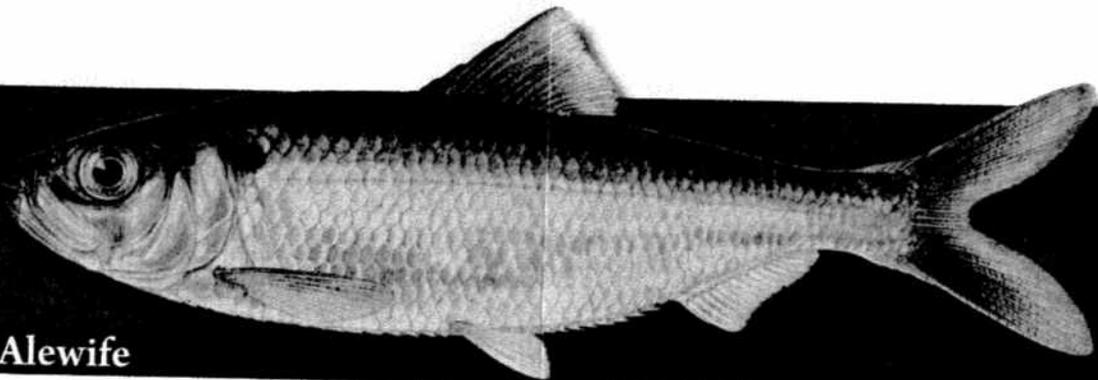
Scales: Very small (fine)

Eyes: Small, positioned below line extending from tail to snout (See dotted line above)



Common Michigan Species!

Common Minnows



Alewife

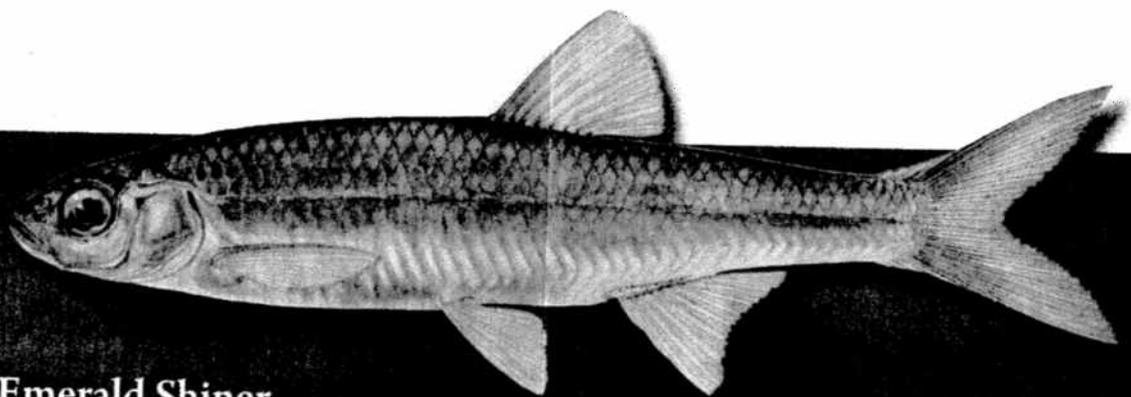
Color / Markings: Silvery-green, darker blue-grey back, slightly upturned mouth

Length: 5-7 inches is common bait size

Keel: (Ridge on the underbelly) Prominent, extending from anal fin to gills, with scales that line up in a row to give it a sawtooth appearance

Scales: Intermediate to large

Eyes: Positioned on line extending from tail to snout



Emerald Shiner

Color / Markings: Silver with green iridescence, terminal mouth

Length: 3-4 inches is common bait size

Keel: Absent

Scales: Intermediate to large

Eyes: Positioned on line extending from tail to snout

Asian Carp are Moving Toward Michigan

Asian carp were brought to North America in the 1970s primarily to eat algae in aquaculture ponds. They escaped from the ponds into the Mississippi and Illinois rivers and are migrating toward Lake Michigan.

There are four species of Asian carp that threaten Michigan waters:

- Bighead
- Silver
- Grass
- Black

Asian Carp Threaten Our Native Fish

If these carp become established in Michigan waters, they will eat the food supply that our native fish depend on and crowd them out of their habitat. This will greatly reduce your chance to catch your favorite game fish.

Asian carp:

- Are fast growing
- Can weigh up to 100 lbs.
- Reproduce rapidly
- Have large appetites
- Eat plankton, which our native fish depend upon for food

How You Can Help:

Don't Dump Your Bait!

By law it's illegal to dump live bait into any water body. Michigan DNR has an obligation to preserve and protect our resources.

"It is illegal to transport or possess live specimens of bighead, silver, grass or black carp." (Fisheries Order 209)

- Check your bait; baitfish can contain Asian carp
- Be aware and know what's in your bucket
- Identification of minnows and small carp can be confusing
- See reverse side of this brochure for bait identification
- DO NOT release baitfish into any body of water
- Dispose of any unwanted bait into the trash, not into the water