

1 (b) The individual named in the personal protection order is
2 violating or has violated the order. An individual is violating or
3 has violated the order if that individual commits 1 or more of the
4 following acts the order specifically restrains or enjoins the
5 individual from committing:

6 (i) Assaulting, attacking, beating, molesting, or wounding a
7 named individual.

8 (ii) Removing minor children from an individual having legal
9 custody of the children, except as otherwise authorized by a
10 custody or parenting time order issued by a court of competent
11 jurisdiction.

12 (iii) Entering onto premises.

13 (iv) Engaging in conduct prohibited under section 411h or 411i
14 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.411h and 750.411i.

15 (v) Threatening to kill or physically injure a named
16 individual.

17 (vi) Purchasing or possessing a firearm.

18 (vii) Interfering with petitioner's efforts to remove
19 petitioner's children or personal property from premises that are
20 solely owned or leased by the individual to be restrained or
21 enjoined.

22 (viii) Interfering with petitioner at petitioner's place of
23 employment or education or engaging in conduct that impairs
24 petitioner's employment or educational relationship or environment.

25 (ix) Any other act or conduct specified by the court in the
26 personal protection order.

27 (c) If the personal protection order was issued under section
28 2950 or 2950a **of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236,**



1 **MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a**, the personal protection order states on
2 its face that a violation of its terms subjects the individual to
3 immediate arrest and either of the following:

4 (i) If the individual restrained or enjoined is ~~17~~**18** years of
5 age or older, to criminal contempt of court and, if found guilty of
6 criminal contempt, to imprisonment for not more than 93 days and to
7 a fine of not more than \$500.00.

8 (ii) If the individual restrained or enjoined is less than ~~17~~
9 **18** years of age, to the dispositional alternatives listed in
10 section 18 of chapter XIIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA
11 288, MCL 712A.18.

12 (2) An individual arrested under this section ~~shall~~**must** be
13 brought before the family division of the circuit court having
14 jurisdiction in the cause within 24 hours after arrest to answer to
15 a charge of contempt for violating the personal protection order,
16 at which time the court shall do each of the following:

17 (a) Set a time certain for a hearing on the alleged violation
18 of the personal protection order. The hearing ~~shall~~**must** be held
19 within 72 hours after arrest, unless extended by the court on the
20 motion of the arrested individual or the prosecuting attorney.

21 (b) Set a reasonable bond pending a hearing of the alleged
22 violation of the personal protection order.

23 (c) Notify the prosecuting attorney of the criminal contempt
24 proceeding.

25 (d) Notify the party who procured the personal protection
26 order and his or her attorney of record, if any, and direct the
27 party to appear at the hearing and give evidence on the charge of
28 contempt.

29 (3) In circuits in which the circuit court judge may not be



1 present or available within 24 hours after arrest, an individual
2 arrested under this section ~~shall~~**must** be taken before the district
3 court within 24 hours after arrest, at which time the district
4 court shall set bond and order the defendant to appear before the
5 family division of circuit court in the county for a hearing on the
6 charge. If the district court will not be open within 24 hours
7 after arrest, a judge or district court magistrate shall set bond
8 and order the defendant to appear before the circuit court in the
9 county for a hearing on the charge.

10 (4) If a criminal contempt proceeding for violation of a
11 personal protection order is not initiated by an arrest under this
12 section but is initiated as a result of a show cause order or other
13 process or proceedings, the court shall do all of the following:

14 (a) Notify the party who procured the personal protection
15 order and his or her attorney of record, if any, and direct the
16 party to appear at the hearing and give evidence on the contempt
17 charge.

18 (b) Notify the prosecuting attorney of the criminal contempt
19 proceeding.

20 (5) The family division of circuit court in each county of
21 this state has jurisdiction to conduct contempt proceedings based
22 upon a violation of a personal protection order described in this
23 section issued by the circuit court in any county of this state or
24 upon a violation of a valid foreign protection order. The court of
25 arraignment shall notify the court that issued the personal
26 protection order or foreign protection order that the issuing court
27 may request that the defendant be returned to that court for
28 violating the personal protection order or foreign protection
29 order. If the court that issued the personal protection order or



1 foreign protection order requests that the defendant be returned to
2 that court to stand trial, the county of the requesting court shall
3 bear the cost of transporting the defendant to that county.

4 (6) The family division of circuit court has jurisdiction to
5 conduct contempt proceedings based upon a violation of a personal
6 protection order issued ~~pursuant to~~ **under** section 2(h) of chapter
7 XIIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.2, by the
8 family division of circuit court in any county of this state or a
9 valid foreign protection order issued against a respondent who is
10 less than 18 years of age at the time of the alleged violation of
11 the foreign protection order in this state. The family division of
12 circuit court that conducts the preliminary inquiry shall notify
13 the court that issued the personal protection order or foreign
14 protection order that the issuing court may request that the
15 respondent be returned to that county for violating the personal
16 protection order or foreign protection order. If the court that
17 issued the personal protection order or foreign protection order
18 requests that the respondent be returned to that court to stand
19 trial, the county of the requesting court shall bear the cost of
20 transporting the respondent to that county.

21 (7) The prosecuting attorney shall prosecute a criminal
22 contempt proceeding initiated by the court under subsection (2) or
23 initiated by a show cause order under subsection (4), unless the
24 party who procured the personal protection order retains his or her
25 own attorney for the criminal contempt proceeding or the
26 prosecuting attorney determines that the personal protection order
27 was not violated or that it would not be in the interest of justice
28 to prosecute the criminal contempt violation. If the prosecuting
29 attorney prosecutes the criminal contempt proceeding, the court



1 shall grant an adjournment for not less than 14 days or a lesser
2 period requested if the prosecuting attorney moves for adjournment.
3 If the prosecuting attorney prosecutes the criminal contempt
4 proceeding, the court may dismiss the proceeding upon motion of the
5 prosecuting attorney for good cause shown.

6 (8) A court shall not rescind a personal protection order,
7 dismiss a contempt proceeding based on a personal protection order,
8 or impose any other sanction for a failure to comply with a time
9 limit prescribed in this section.

10 (9) As used in this section:

11 (a) "Foreign protection order" means that term as defined in
12 section 2950h of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236,
13 MCL 600.2950h.

14 (b) "Personal protection order" means a personal protection
15 order issued under section 2950 or 2950a of the revised judicature
16 act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a, and, unless
17 the context indicates otherwise, includes a valid foreign
18 protection order.

19 (c) "Valid foreign protection order" means a foreign
20 protection order that satisfies the conditions for validity
21 provided in section 2950i of the revised judicature act of 1961,
22 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950i.

23 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect October
24 1, 2021.

25 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
26 unless all of the following bills of the 100th Legislature are
27 enacted into law:

28 (a) Senate Bill No. 84.

29 (b) Senate Bill No. 90.



- 1 (c) Senate Bill No. 91.
- 2 (d) Senate Bill No. 94.
- 3 (e) Senate Bill No. 98.

